



# **User Manual**

IQ SystemControl Item no. 013596

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# 1. General information

IQ SystemControl helps creating and administrating data carriers, room/timezones, and authorizations for AC-functions, arming/disarming as well as evaluating of corresponding entries of the event memory of intruder alarm control panels of the type series 561-MB24, 561-MB48 and 561-MB100 (item number with index .10).

The demo version manages one location, 10 data carriers and expires after 500 days.

The full version manages one location, 512 data carriers and 999 switching devices.

An upgrade from demo to full version can be done via a license file. The latter installs an installer who also sets up the complete hardware and software installation.

An extention of IQ SystemControl itself is not possible. If once the performance features of IQ SystemControl should no longer be sufficient, an upgrade to IQ MultiAccess will be possible incl. retention of the database (all settings and data will remain).

The functions described in this manual correspond to the factory settings. They guarantee the necessary function range of IQ SystemControl. Some additional functions can be enabled by the installer activating the necessary user rights. However, they are not mandatory for the normal operation. For the sake of completeness, those functions are described in the appendix.

# 2. Program start

### 2.1 Login

Select: → Start

- → (All) Programs
- → IQ MultiAccess
- → IQ MultiAccess

or double-click on icon:

Enter your **User name** and your **Password**. Your system administrator or installer will provide you with these data The factory setting for user and password is **SCUSER**.

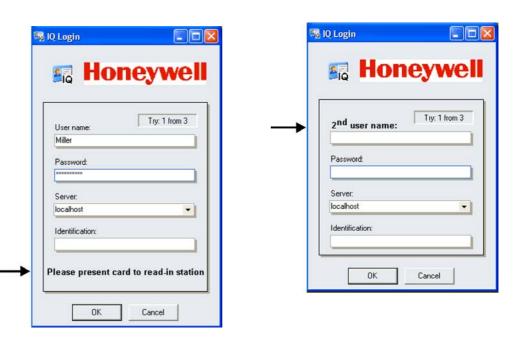
The entries for **Server** and **Server Identification** are entered once or they are predefined by the system administrator. Usually, they need not be changed (even if there is e.g. no entry for Server Identification). The data to be entered here will be provided to the user by his/her system administrator. This subject will not be discussed here.

Confirm with OK.

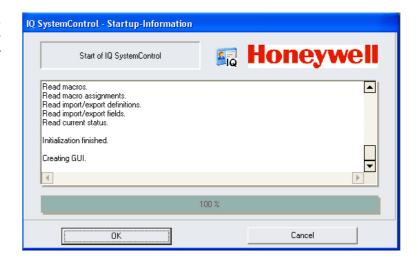
Depending on the settings, additionally an identification via reading a card (read-in station required), logging in of another user or a combination of both options might be necessary.







While loading the program, the opposite info window is briefly displayed. It closes automatically after reading in all the existing information, but it can be closed early by clicking the **OK** button.



# 2.2 Unsuccessful attempts

The number of unsuccessful attempts allowed is defined during the installation.



After exceeding the maximum number of unsucsessful attempts, a new login is restricted for a time period that is also defined in the installation program IQ NetEdit.



# 2.3 Automatic logout

During the installation a time period is to be defined, after that the user currently logged on will be logged off automatically by the system.

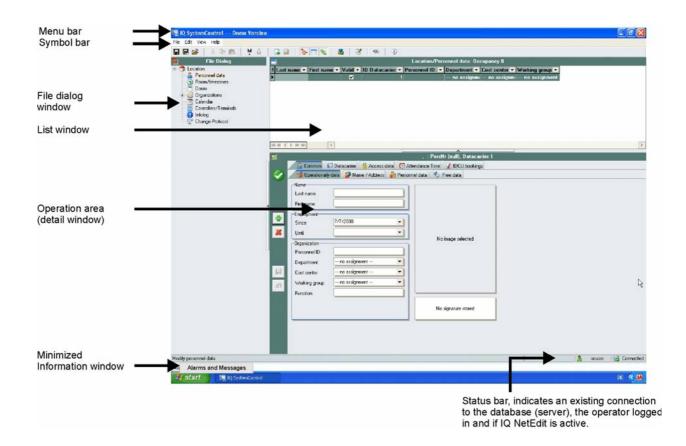
The user will be logged off if no entry appears within this time period. The connection to the database still exists, the program changes to the login screen. If the same user logs in again within the timeout period, he/she can continue working exactly where he/she stopped before the logout.

If within the timout period no entry is done in the login screen either, the connection to the database will be disconnected. If the same user logs in again afterwards, the database connection gets reestablished (the program restarts and is in the standard user interface, see chapter 3).

The factory setting of is time period is 5 minutes. If "0" is entered, the auto logout function is not active.

### 3. The user interface

# 3.1 General description



The desktop is divided into three windows. The **File dialog window** to the left shows the access options granted to the individual operator logged in.

Depending on the selection in the file dialog window, a **list window** with its corresponding **operation area** and tabs is displayed (bottom right). It is in the operation area (detail window) that the actual work is performed.

The data record selected and highlighted in the **list window** is shown in detail in the operation area. The representation in the list window can be adjusted individually (cf. chapter 10).

A fourth window, the **info window**, can be opened if necessary and pulled to an arbitrarily size (see chapter 3.2).

It shows system / alarm messages.

As factory settings there are messages for the following events:

Terminal offline No connection to IACP.

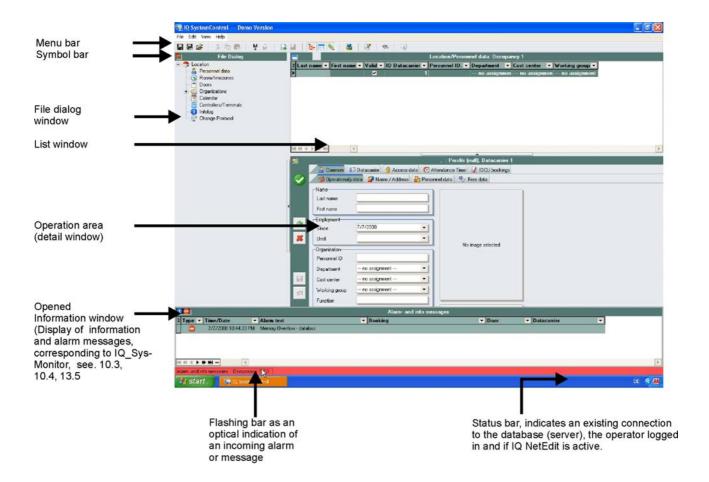
Unknown telegram The IACP has received or transmitted data in an unknown format from/to IQ

SystemControl.

Data loss There have been sent more data than can be stored in the IACP.

The texts to be displayed can be either modified by the installer or he can add some more.1

An incoming alarm or info message is indicated by an optical signal (flashing) of the minimized info window.



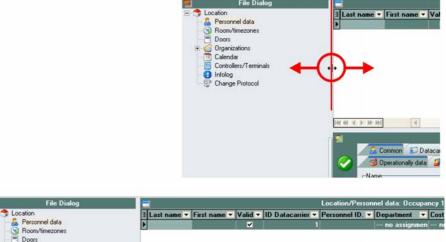


The settings of the screen, the active window and the task bar should be selected in a way the minimized displayed info window is **visible**. This is important as otherwise the notification of incoming messages will not be visible.

In factory setting this function is not available for the user, see appendix.

### 3.2 Window size

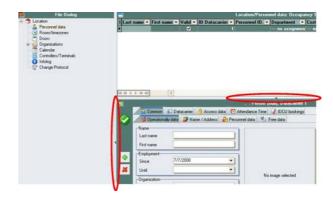
The window size can be modified via window splitters while pressing the left mouse button.





The vertical and horizontal splitters can be used to open each window with full screen width and/or height. The other windows are covered.

At the next program start, the standard setting will be loaded again automatically.



The modification of the size is also applicable to the opened info window:



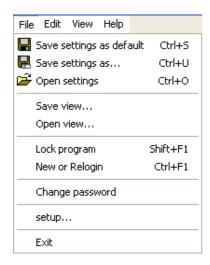
See chapter 3.3 and 3.4 for further options available for modifying the window size via menu bar and/or toolbar.

### 3.3 Menu bar



See also chapter 10.

#### File:



#### Save settings as default (Ctrl+S)

The current screen settings including the table layouts will be saved as standard settings for the user logged in. This means, that the program starts exactly with these settings when the corresponding user logs in.By means of this, each user can define his/her individual settings.

#### Save settings as... (Ctrl+U)

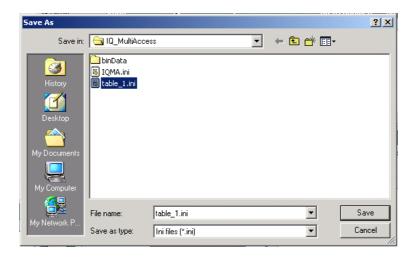
Via this function, the current screen settings can be saved under an arbitrary name in an arbitrary directory. These definitions are available for all operators.

#### Open settings (Ctrl+O)

Use this function to load one of the above mentioned settings.

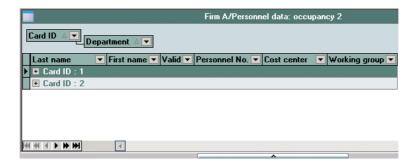
#### Save/open view

The layout of tables can be created individually (see Chapter 10.1.2 = Individual adjustments). Each table layout that has been individually created can be saved under any name.



The individual layout can be loaded again so that you don't have to create the table again for each new evaluation.

The saved table layouts are available to all operators.



At every new log-in, the factory setting of the tables is displayed, except some modified settings have been saved as default settings (→ Save settings as default).



#### Lock program (Shift+F1)

This menu item is used for preventing unauthorized persons from working in the program. The program is not terminated, only locked. The dialog window opens up. In order to continue working, the **same user** must log in again. Work can be continued at the same place where the program was locked. All settings are maintained as well as the connection to the server.

If another user logs in, the program is newly loaded with the standard settings. The same applies when the first user logs in again afterwards.

#### Relogin (Ctrl+F1)

The program is not terminated, but the current work is terminated and the connection to the server is closed down. When a new user or the same user logs in, the program is restarted with the standard settings and the connection to the server is newly established. This corresponds to a (shortened) new start of the program.

#### Change password

Regardless of the predefined cycles for password changes, the operator who is logged in can change his/her password at any time (provided he/she has the relevant right to do so).

Procedure: Enter the old (current)

password.

Enter the new password. Repeat the new password. The password must have at least 5 characters (alphanumeric, case is optional, blanks and special characters are permitted).



#### Setup

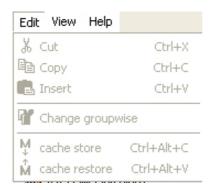
This allows to define, whether a confirmation is required for deleting data, and whether tables are to be displayed with auto arranged column width. The factory settings have both options active.



#### Exit

The application is terminated, the program is shut down.

#### Edit:



#### Cut (Ctrl+X), copy (Ctrl+C), insert (Ctrl+V)

Any range of data selected in the operation window can be cut (Ctrl + X), copied (Ctrl + C) and/or inserted (Ctrl + V) anywhere within the program.

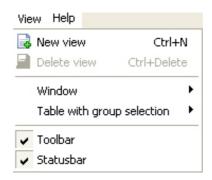
#### Change groupwise

Modifications concerning more than one person can be carried out globally by combining the persons into groups (see Chapter 11).

#### Cache store/cache restore

These functions can be used to put and recall data to/from cache. Basically, this is equivalent to **copy / paste**.

#### View:



### New View (Ctrl + N)

This function opens a new view of IQ MultiAccess. Via this function, it is possible to enter data in parallel (see chapter 4.2).

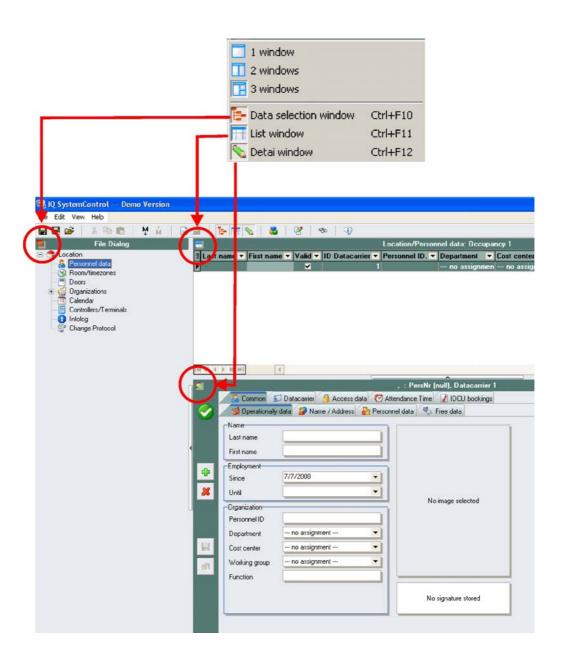
#### Delete view (Ctrl + Del)

This function is used for deleting (closing) the current view again. If there is only one view (still) active, this function is not available.

#### Window

This function is used for defining the number and arrangement of the windows in the upper area. In the factory setting, all 3 windows are active. The fourth window which shows information about the system status is minimized and must/can be opened if necessary (see also chapter 10.3).

In the lower area, you can show/hide individual windows. The icons correspond to the individual windows.



#### Table with group selection

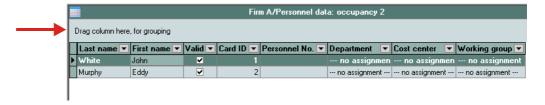
In this menu item, you can define in which lists/ tables → **grouping** is to be possible and where it is not to be admissible (see Chapter 10 = Individual adjustment).



Representation without individual grouping permission:

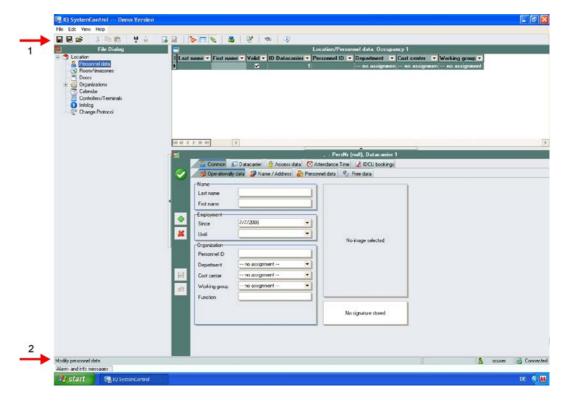


Representation with individual grouping permission. An area is inserted in the upper part where the individual grouping is carried out (for details please see Chapter 10 = Individual adjustment).

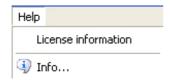


#### Symbol bar / task bar

The symbol bar (1) and/or the task bar (2) can be marked to faded in/out.



Help:



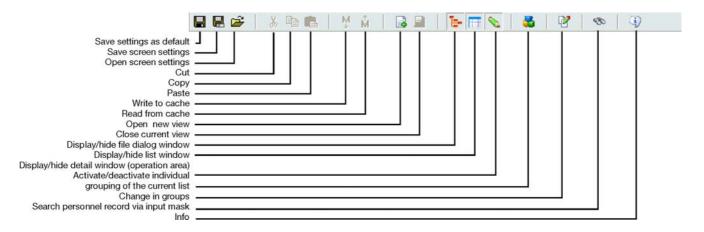
The two menu items **Info** and **Licence Information** provide information about the program version installed and the licence used.





# 2.4 Toolbar

The most important menu items described in 3.3 can be selected directly by means of the icons.





There are not always all symbols active.

# 3.5 Buttons

There exist some buttons within the detail window which are active/inactive according to the inididual context:



Insert/create a new record.



Delete current record.



Save current record.



Undo = Ignores all entries that have not been saved.

# 4. Creating data

In general data can be edited (created) everywhere they are displayed in the list window.

One of the essential tasks of IQ SystemControl is the creation and administration of data carriers (persons) and their access rights. While entering personnel data, different individual data might be required (e. g. departments, work groups, room/time zones) but can not be allocated as they do not exist up to now.

These data can be entered either sequentially (one after the other) or in parallel (simultaneously). In the following section, we first suggest a sequence for sequential entry of data required for creating personnel data. In section 4.2, you will find a description of how to enter data that are not yet available in **parallel** with the current work in the operation area.



**Creating, modifying** and **deleting** data is always carried out according to the same principle. This is described in detail below, taking the **cost centers** as an example. This example will serve as a reference in further sections of this manual as well.

# 4.1 Organisations

When entering personnel data (see chapter 6), it is possible to assign **cost center**, **work group**, **department** and **room/time zones**. For this purpose, these must have been defined **before** (see also chapter 5).

Cost centers, work groups and departments are to be defined under the category organizations.

#### 3.1.1 Cost centers

# 4.1.1.1 Create cost centers

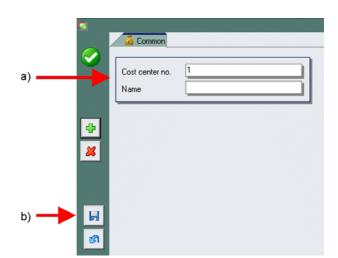
- 1. **File dialog** window
  - → Organisations
  - → Cost centers



2. In the empty operation window, click on



3. a.) Enter the cost center number (set value is incremented automatically) and a name alphanumeric according to internal cost center plan possible). The predefined number will be increased automatically.

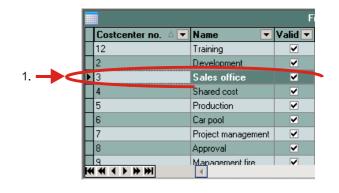


b.) Save by clicking on the floppy disk icon.

#### 4.1.1.2 Validate/devalidate cost centers

Each cost center that has been created is displayed in the list window. All data created are automatically defined as **valid**. If data are created in advance although they are not yet needed at the moment, they can be defined as **invalid**.

1. Select (left-click) the desired data record in the list window.



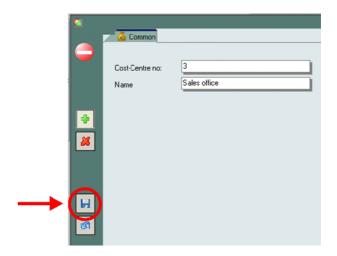
2. Status button.



3. The symbol changes.



4. Save button.

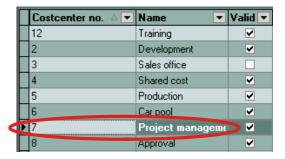


5. The data record selected is modified accordingly.



### 4.1.1.3 Change cost center

1. Select (left-click) the desired data record in the list window.



2. Overwrite cost center number and/or name.



3. Save

4. The data record selected has been changed accordingly.



### 4.1.1.4 Delete cost center

1. Select (left-click) the desired data record in the list window.



2. **Delete** button



3. Acknowledge confirmation prompt with **Yes.** 





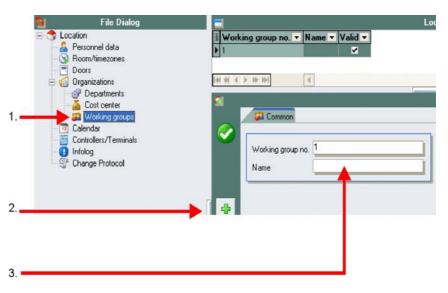
Caution!

Data loss possible!

A confirmation for deleting is only prompted if it is activated in the → Setup (see chapter 3.3). In factory setting it is active.

### 4.1.2 Work groups

Work groups are generally created, modified and deleted as described in the example in Chapter 4.1.1

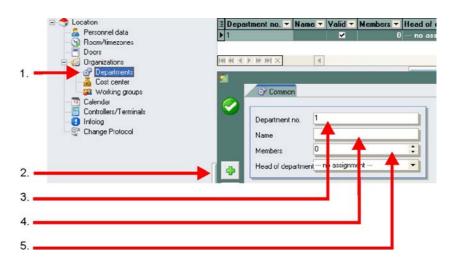


4.

Save.

### 4.1.3 Departments

Departments are generally created, modified and deleted as described in the example in Chapter 4.1.1 (steps 1-3).



- 4. Members = number of employees in the individual department. This entry is for information only and is nowhere evaluated.
- Head of department
   Here you can select from the personnel master data the person who is head of the individual
   department.



Since we are at the moment entering data required for creating personnel data, no persons are available for selection yet. This field could remain empty for the time being and filled later when personnel data have been entered. As an alternative, the persons concerned can be entered in parallel with the current operation area (see chapter 4.2).

6. Save.

# 4.2 Entering data in parallel

In the menu bar, click on → View → New view

or

File Edit View Help

New view Ctrl+N
Delete view Ctrl+Delete
Window
Table with group selection

V Toolbar
V Statusbar
Despression

on the corresponding icon

or

press keys Ctrl + N.

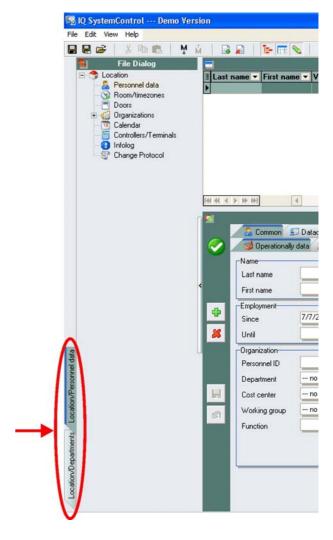
Now there are two operation areas opened in form of tabs.

In each tab, you can work in another operation area.

In our example, we can now enter the head of department in the personnel data section of the new tab (at least the name, for detailed information about entering personnel data see chapter 5).

Select **Personnel** data in the File dialog window.





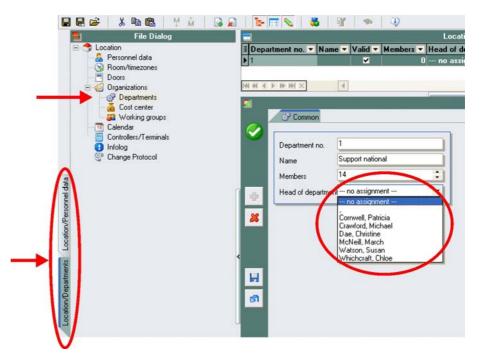
2. Click on the **Insert new record** icon

3. Enter name.



4. Save

5. Change to the first tab. Here the Departments section is still open. If you now click on the selection field **Head of department**, the person entered is now available and can be assigned.



By using multiple views, it is generally possible to enter interdependent data in parallel. These data are updated in real time and are immediately available in all other views that are opened. For reasons of available memory space, you should, however, open only as many views simultaneously as are absolutely required (each additional view that is opened will require as much memory space as the already opened view since the entire database is loaded into the memory for each view).

Close multiple view

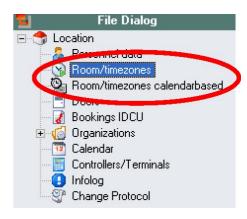


# 5. Room/time zones

When entering personnel data (see chapter 4), you can assign **department**, **cost center** and **room/time zones**. For this purpose, these must have been defined **before** (see also chapter 4.1) or they must be entered in parallel via **New view** (see also chapter 4.2).

A room/time zone is a set of eight time ranges (Tr1 to Tr8). Always two of those time ranges together are valid for the indicated days of the week. Doors are allocated to the room/timezones. The door state is defined by means of the room/time zones. If e.g. a door is in → normal operation from 8:00 h to 12:00 h, an authorized person can open this door within this period of time with his/her PIN and/or data carrier.

There are standard room/timezones and room/timezones calender based (see 5.2.3).



IQ SystemControl sends each room/timezone to which a door/switching device of a controller is allocated to the concerning controller (MB-panels are regarded as a controller).

Conditional on the type of construction, the different controllers MB 24, MB48 and MB100 can only store a certain maximum amount of room/timezones, which should not exceeded when creating them.

# 5.1 One time range

In our example, the room/time zone is defined with the name *Main entrance*.

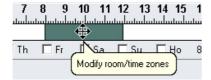
The room/time zone covers the period from 07:00 h to 20:00 h.

The room/time zone is to be valid from Monday to Saturday.

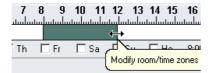


- Select room/time zone.
- 2. Insert new record.
- 3. Enter name (Main entrance).
- 4. Activate at least **one** "valid" check box.

A time bar with a slider appears. If the slider is caught in the center while pressing the left mouse button, the mouse pointer changes. The slider can be moved right or left.



If the slider is caught at the left or right edge, the mouse pointer changes again. The size of the slider can be changed while keeping the left mouse button pressed.

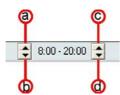


5. Change the size of the slider in such as way that it covers the time zone from 7:00 h to 20:00 h.





This settings require some finger exercises. Alternatively a fine alignment can be done in one-minutes-steps via the arrow keys on both sides.



- a) increases the start time
- b) decreases the start time
- c) increases the finish time
- d) decreases the finish time
- 6. Select the relevant days of the week.



7. In tab **Door definition**, select the door(s) concerned and assign them via button **The selection corresponds to the Windows standard (<b>Shift** marks all records between two mouse clicks, **CTRL** marks only the clicked records). With , all available doors can be assigned).



8. For AC-functions, the validity of the room/time zone can be assigned to the inside and/or outside of the door, if required and/or optionally refer to arming/disarming and controlfunctions in addition or exclusively.



9. Save





According to VdS, a location operator is not allowed to enter, modify or delete authorizations for disarming within the room/timezones as well as to enter, modify or delete door allocations, data carriers (person)allocations or complete room/timezones which contain disarming (required for IACP-connection).



With an IACP connection one or more **separate** room/time zones must be created for arming/disarming at online cylinders / fittings. They may contain only arming/disarming at the respective doors. To this room/time zones must be allocated **separate** data carriers which can be used for arming/disarming only. Due to technical reasons a combination of AC functions and arming/disarming on one data carrier is not allowed. In this case the AC authorization of datacarriers with combined authorizations will be ignored.

# 5.2 Several time ranges

Example: The following time zones are to be assigned to door **IT**:

Mo,Tu,We,Th,Fr from 07:30 h - 12:00 h and from 13:00 h - 19:00 h.

In general, the settings are to be done as described in 5.1.

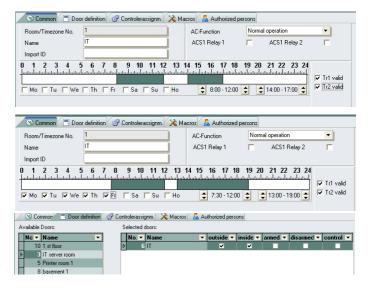
1. Create new room/ time zone via



- 2. Name: "IT".
- Set time zones 1 and 2 to valid.
   Two sliders will appear in the time bar.
- 4. Set both sliders to the desired times and select the relevant days.
- Assign the door concerned (IT).
   The room/time zone is assigned automatically to both sides of the door.

In case of doors controlled by ACS-2 / 8, it may optionally be valid for one side of the door only. In this case, select either only **Outside** or only **Inside** in the right window.





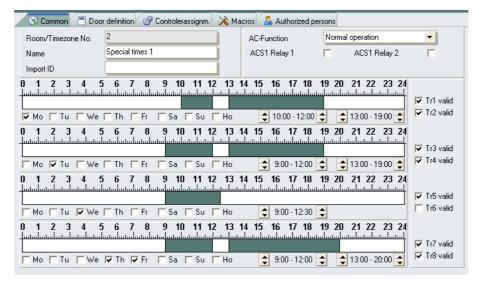


Within one room/timezone, up to 8 different time ranges can be allocated to the doors.

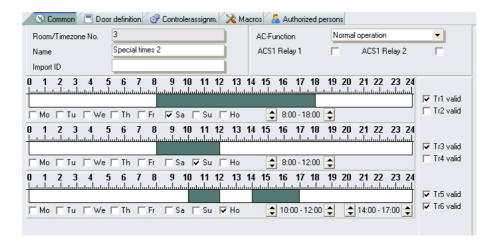
#### Example:

The following times shall be valid for two doors: Mo.10:00 h - 12:00 h, 13:00 h - 19:00 h Tue. 9:00 h - 12:30 h, 13.00 h - 19:00 h Wed. 9:00 h - 12:30 h

Thu., Fr. 9:00 h - 12:00 h, 13:00 h - 20:00 h



The concerning doors must be assigned in the **door definition** tab. If there are some more times valid for the same doors (e. g. Sa., Su. and holiday), another room/timezone must be created to which the same doors are assigned.



### 5.2.1 Controller assignment tab

In this tab complete controllers (no doors or switching devices) can be assigned to a room/timezone. There are only MBxxx controllers available.

#### Reason:

There are internal events that can be run by an IACP controlled via room/timezones (e. g. macros which activate outputs or blocking times for disarming with conventional switching devices), even without any switching devices in terms of doors assigned to the IACP. The IACPs know their required room/timezones by these assignments. The further programmings are done directly at the IACP via the corresponding programming software.



Combinations are possible. Doors/switching devices as well as an IACP itself can be assigned to the same room/timezone.

### 5.2.2 Authorized persons tab

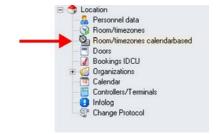
This tab offers an overview of all persons allocated to the selected room/time zone.

Examples for individual adjustment and evaluation of lists see chapter 10.1.2. For print / export of a list see chapter 10.1.3, steps 4 and 5.

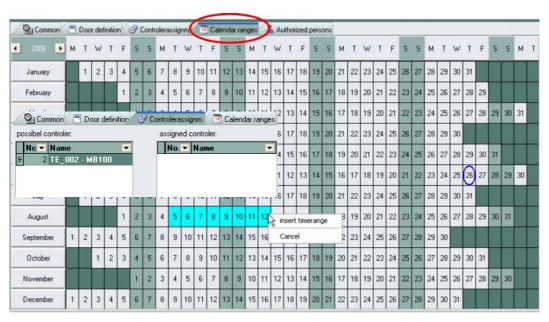
#### 5.2.3 Room/timezones calendarbased

Input and administration corresponds to the previous explanations with the extensions described below:

a) As a factory setting, these room/timezones are prioritised which means to abrogate all other room/timezones which affect the same switching devices at the same time.



b) Date ranges these room/timezones are valid can be defined



A defined time range is valid for the selected year each. An automatic update is not possible. If necessary, the time range must be redefined for each year of validity.

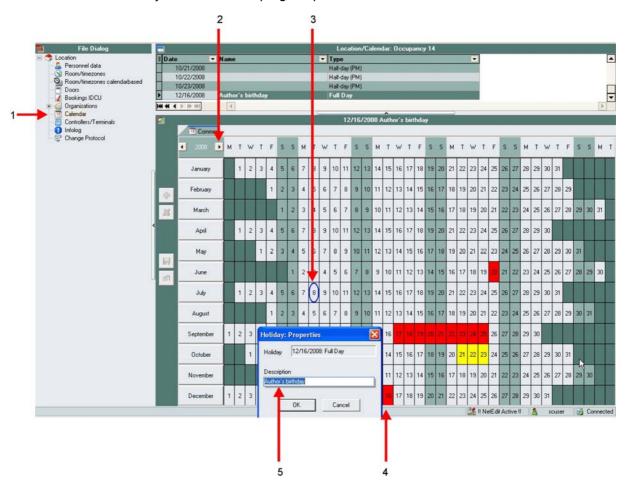
The controllers get only RTZ numbers. To avoid mistakes, the room/timezones are numbered in the sequence of their creation without differentiation between both types of RTZs.

Example:

If there are created 3 "normal" RTZs, then 2 calenderbased and then again 2 "normal" RTZs, then there are the room/timezone numbers 1, 2, 3, 6, 7 within the "normal" section and the numbers 4 and 5 within the calenderbased room/timezones section.

# 5.3 Holidays / Calendar

In order to determine the individual day type (Monday, Tuesday..., Saturday, Sunday, Holiday), holidays can be defined individually in the **calendar** program part.



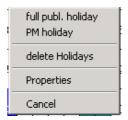
- 1. File dialog window → Holidays.
- 2. Select year with the arrow keys (the current year is preset).
- 3. The current day is marked blue.
- 4. Select the desired holiday by left-click.

Select full day or half day.

Full holidays are marked red, half holidays are marked yellow (6.). Half holidays are counted from 12:00 h onwards.

Via **Properties**, the description/name of the holiday can be specified.

5. Enter a description (optional) → OK.





The holidays are in each case valid for the selected year. They won't be currently adjusted and must be re-entered for each year. The holiday calendar is saved automatically and sent to the controllers/terminals. It is advisable to send the current holiday calendar to the controllers/terminals at least at the beginning of a new calendar year. This can be carried out by means of a scheduled task.<sup>2</sup>

### **Delete holidays**

- 1. Select the desired day (left mouse button).
- 2. Delete holiday.
- 3. Answer **Yes** to the confirmation prompt.



Caution!

Data loss possible!

A confirmation for deleting is only prompted if it is activated in the → Setup (see chapter 3.3). In factory setting it is active.

### 6. Personnel data

IQ SystemControl sends each data carrier which is allocated via a room/timezone to a door/switching device of a contoller to the concerning controller (MB-panels are regarded as a controller).

Conditional on the type of construction, the different controllers can only store a certain maximum amount of data carriers, which should not exceeded when creating them.

Limit values of the controllers:

Controller	max. room/Ztimezones	
MB24	32	
MB48	128	
MB100	512	

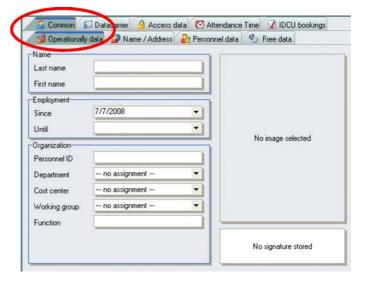
# 6.1 Enter personnel data

When entering personnel data, it is possible to assign **department**, **cost center**, **work group** and **room/time zones**. For this purpose, these data must have been defined **before** or they can be entered in **parallel** (see chapters 4 and 5).

- 1. Select personnel data.
- 2. Insert.



3. Tab Common→ Operational data



Name: Enter first name and last name.

Employment: Manual entry of start of employment

(since) and the (presumable) end of employment (until), the latter field

mayremain empty.

or

Selection via calendar (appears via the ▼ button after the date).



#### Organisation:

Personnel ID: Enter the Personnel ID. This ID must be unambiguous within the location. It will

be checked by IQ SystemControl and, if necessary, a message will be output.

**Department:** Assign an alredy existing department (see chapter 4.1) or enter the relevant data

directly via function → New view (see chapter 4.2).

Cost center: Assign an alredy existing cost center (see chapter 4.1) or enter the relevant data

directly via function → New view (see chapter 4.2).

Work group:

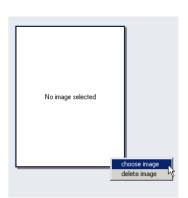
Assign an alredy existing work group (see chapter 4.1) or enter the relevant data

directly via function → **New view** (see chapter 4.2).

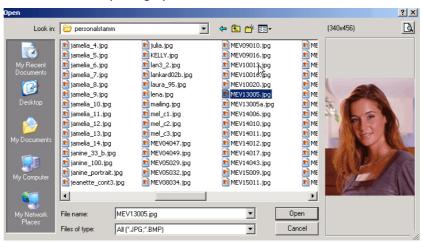
**Function:** Enter a job/profession description.

**Assign image:** If there are photographs of the employees in format \*.JPG or \*.BMP stored in any directory, one picture can be assigned per employee.

a) Right-click on field
 no image selected
 → choose image.

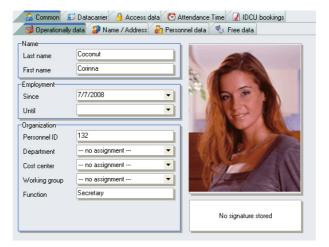


b) Select the desired photograph.



A preview is displayed in the right window. Button **Open.** 

c) The photograph is shown in the personnel master record of the individual person.

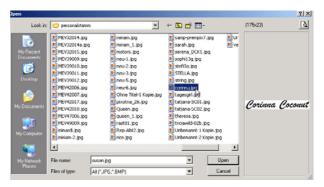


**Signature:** A signature file can be allocated to each person, if a scanned signature exists in "JPG" or BMP" format.

a) Right-click the area called **No signature available**→ Select signature file .



b) Select the required file.



In the window to the right a preview is displayed. Button **Open**.

 The signature is displayed in the master record of the individual person.





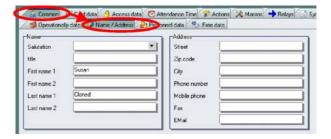
As soon as an image or a signature has been assigned, it is stored under its own, consecutive name in directory ....\IQ\_MultiWin\IQ\_Data\binData of the server. Thus all workstations have access to the photographs assigned to a particular person even if the original files do not exist locally on the computer concerned. (If required, the images will be stored temporarily in directory

....\IQ\_MultiWin\IQ\_Clients\IQ\_MultiAccess\binData

of the workstation).

# 4. Tab Common → Name / Address.

The individual fields are self-explanatory.

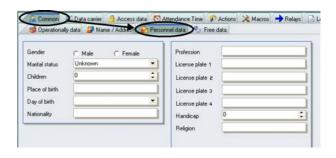


#### 5. Tab Common → Personnel data.

Most fields are self-explanatory. The mainly contain voluntary data and are for information only.

There are 4 fields available for different vehicle plates (e. g. first / second car, company car, motorcycle).

In field **Disability**, the percentage specified in the disabled person's pass can be entered.



# 6. Tab → Common → Free data

In the IQ NetEdit installation program, a maximum of 20 use r - defined

Dperationally data	Name / Address Pe	rsonallear 🦠 Free data	)
Color of hair		Field 11	
lo. of pets		Field 12	
vedding day	12/30/1899	Field 13	
oresent from	00:00:00	Field 14	
Member of projects		Field 15	
Allercic person		Field 16	
Smoker	г	Field 17	
		Field 18	
ield 9		Field 19	
ield 10		Field 20	

use r defi ned field s whi c h are t o b e use d in the per son n e l m a ster dat a of ΙQ Sys t e m -Con trol can b e cre ate per loca tion.

Different field types can be assigned to the individual fields. Depending on the field type, different entries are possible.

Explanation of the possible entries on the basis of the entry fields shown above<sup>3</sup>:

Color of hair: Alphanumerical entry, all special characters, including spaces, are permitted.

No. of pets: Enter whole numbers.

Wedding day: Enter a date in the defined format (dd.mm.yyyy) or select one via the calendar (will

open when you click on the arrow).

Present from: Enter a time in the defined format (hh:mm:ss) or select one via the arrows.

Member of projects:

<sup>3</sup> 

Manual entry as in field "Color of hair" or select one of the default entries suggested (will open via click on the arrow).

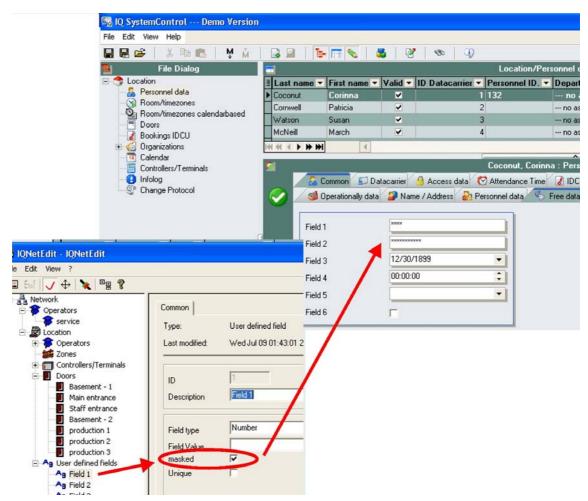
#### Allergic person:

Activate field = yes, otherwise no



These fields are for information only. Evaluations by these fields are not possible.

The contents of the field types **number** and **string** can optionally be displayed as \*\*\*\*\*\*\* (depending on IQ NetEdit settings).

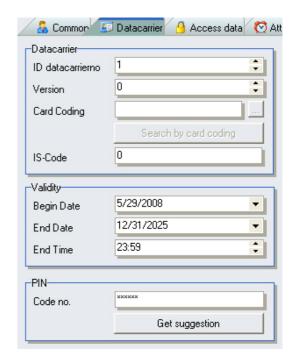


This box also appears for all other field types, but is not used as one of the suggested values must be choosen there.

#### 7. Tab **Data carriers.**

These entries depend on the coding and reading method of the identification media used (cards, key rings etc.).

IQ SystemControl administrates the data carriers in the AC-format. This enables a later upgrade to IQ MultiAccess without any problems.

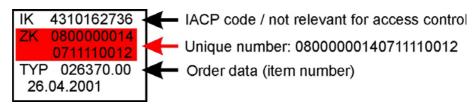


#### - DIN Coding:

No entry for ID card no. and Version.

Enter the **Unique number** (badge code) in field **Card coding**.

Proximity cards have a unique number (badge code) which usually consists of a 20-digit code and is found on a label on the rear side of the card.



Define unique number (badge code) by

- typing it

#### or

- reading it if a read in station is available.
- 1. Click the "read" button.



2. Hold card/data carrier into the reading area of the reader within 10 seconds (otherwise there will be a timeout message, in this case repeat the action).

When working with an IACP connection, the IACP / AC codes must be translated in a way both systems are able to handle correctly This common "language" is called → IS Code (Integrated Systems).

If the unique number is entered, on saving it will be recalculated to the IS code and displayed in the **IS code** field. An entered IS code will be displayed as uniquie number in the **card coding** field after saving

#### - Esser-Coding:

Enter **ID** card no. and **Version**, no entry in field **Card** coding.

ID card no.: Enter the ID card no., 5 characters max., numeric. Each ID card number

may exist only once in the entire system so that each person can be

identified unambiguously.

**Version:** Via the version number, lost/stolen ID cards are barred from access. Each

ID card has the version number "0" at the beginning. If an ID card is lost and must be replaced by another one, all data are identical with the original, except for the version number. This version number is incremented by 1 and stored accordingly in the system. If an ID card with

a lower version number is used for booking, it will be rejected.

#### Applicable to all coding methods:

Validity Begin / End:

Enter the validity of the ID card selected at the moment. In the factory setting, an ID card is validated until a default date (31.12.2025), starting from the creation date.

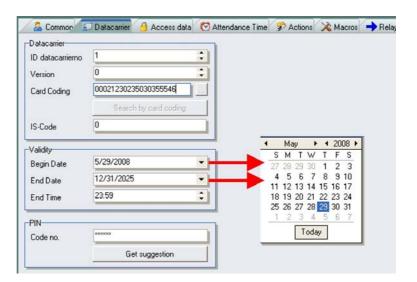
Modify these values:

- by overwriting or by deleting the default value and entering the desired date/time.

or

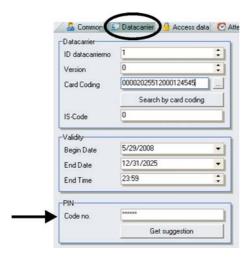
- via the calendar (is opened via the ▼ button behind the date).

Setting the time can be done by overwriting or in hour steps using the arrows.



**PIN:** (Personnel Identification Number). When using a PIN, the individual code number (4 or 6 digits, depending on the system settings) for each person can be entered or a not used code number can be suggested by random clicking **get suggestion**.

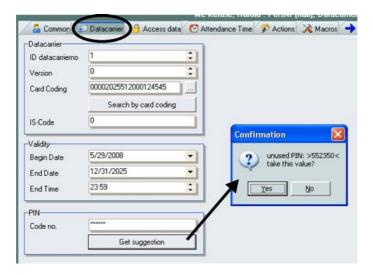
The PIN is disguised by "\*\*\*\*".



In connection with the save process, a check for duplicates is carried out. If a PIN already exists, a message is output. It is also checked whether there is a coincidence with an existing or a resulting duress code and, if necessary, a corresponding message is output.



Alternatively a free PIN number can be requested and accepted via the button **Get suggestion**. Because of security reasons these numbers are created by random and not sequencially<sup>4</sup>.



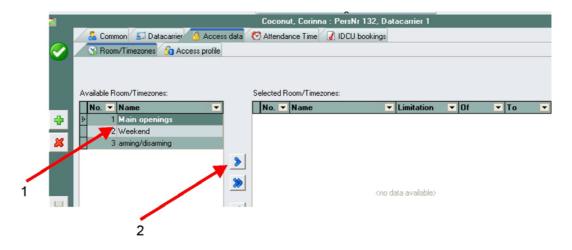
#### 8. Tab Access data → Room/timezones

Room/timezones (incl. restrictions for VdS-compliant systems) see chapter 5.

Grant authorizations by assigning room/time zones

There are one or several room/timezones to be assigned to a data carrier / person.

- 1. Select in the left window the room/timezone(s) required.
- 2. Use ▶ to assign.



3. Save.

This guarantees to prevent a conclusion to the last PIN issued

Now the person has access to the doors (door sides) at the times defined in the room/timezone allocated.

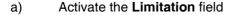
It is also possible to assign all room/timezones to a person.

- Click on 

   ™ to select and assign all room/timezones.
- 2. Save.

Now the person has access to all doors (door sides) at the times defined in the room/timezones allocated.

Additionally, the validity of each individual room/time zone can be temporarily restricted per person.

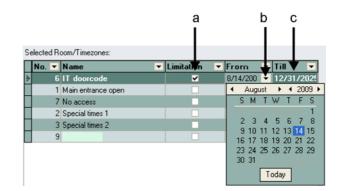


b) Left-click the date field

Use ▼ to open the calendar and select the date

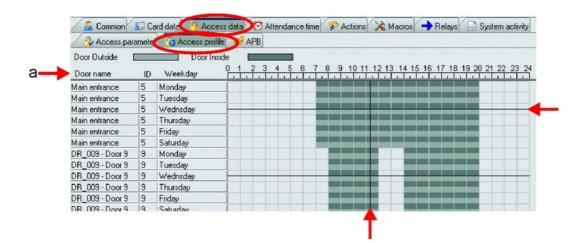
or

c) overwrite date.

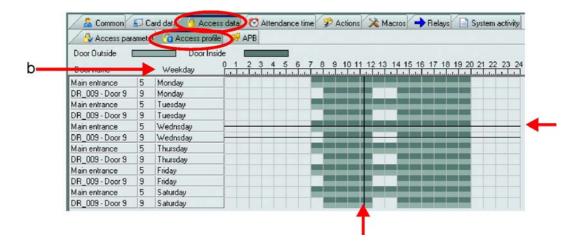


#### 9. Tab Access data → Access profile

The access profile of the person selected is shown in a graphical representation in this tab. The black horizontal and vertical lines show the current date and the current time.



Change the presentation by a click on door name (a) or weekday (b).



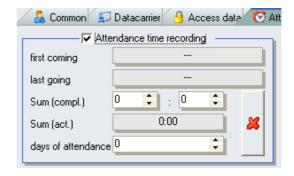
Each view can be printed by pressing



#### 10. Attendance time tab

The calculation of the attendace time does not replace a time recording system at all. This function only calculates a person's attendance time from the first entry booking to the last exit booking. To use this function individual doors must be defined as entry, exit or entry and exit door in the installation program IQ NetEdit. The totals of the first entry booking and the last exit booking of one day are displayed in the corresponding fields. If a person happens to forget booking (e. g. while passing the door together with another person), default values to be defined in IQ NetEdit will be used.

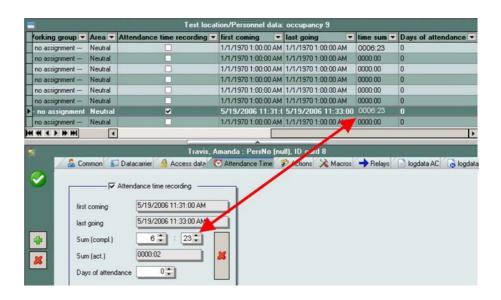
Bookings like breaks, illness absence and corrections can not be handled. Basically this function is meant to find out whether a person is present (e.g. for a doorkeeper or a receptionist).



Sum (compl.) This field displays the calculated total of the previous day. If necessary, it can be changed manually (e. g. for busines trip, absence on business).

> The sum will not be counted permanently but calculated after the exit booking. This sum is content of the database and can be displayed/printed via the list function.

> As a factory setting, the columns attendance time recording, first coming, last going and time sum are not in the lists. The can be inserted individually at any place in the list as explained in chapter 10.1.2).



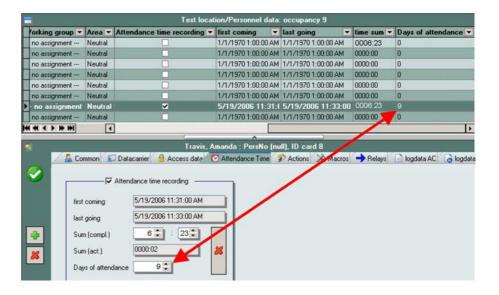
#### Sum (act)

This field displays the current attendance time. This value is calculated of the **first entry** booking and the current time. For that reason, this value is neither stored in the database nor existing in the list window.

#### Days of attendance

This field displays the total of accumulated days of attendance (related to the previous day).

As a factory setting, the columns attendance time recording, first coming, last going and time sum are not in the lists. The can be inserted individually at any place in the list as explained in chapter 10.1.2).

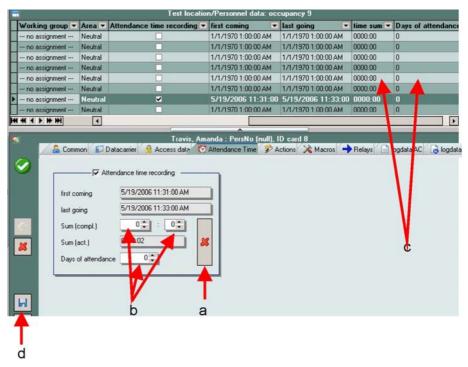


#### **Reset fields**

The entries of the fields **Sum (compl.)** and **Days of attendance** (b) can be manually reset via the button (a).

In order to refresh (= reset) the reset values in the list window too (c), the **Save** symbol (d) must be clicked.

As a factory setting, the columns attendance time recording, first coming, last going and time sum are not in the lists. The can be inserted individually at any place in the list as explained in chapter 10.1.2).



#### 11. Tab IDCU (IACP) Bookings

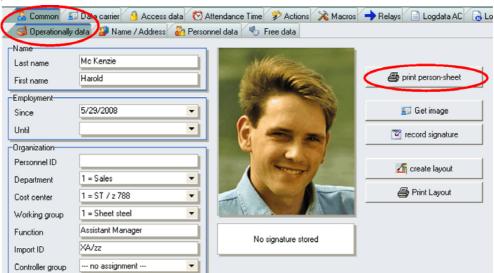
The bookings of the person selected can be seen here (see chapter 10.4.1 = Bookings).

12. Save.

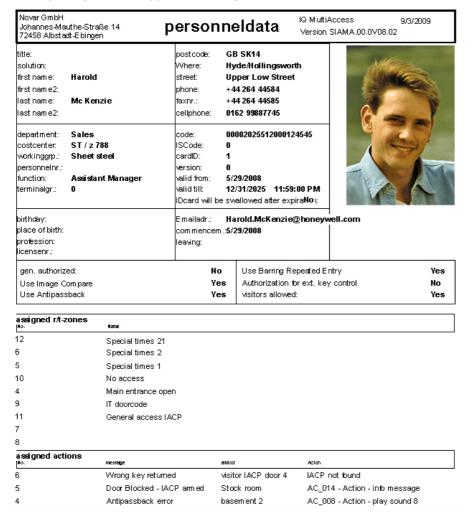


# 6.2 Print personnel data

Press the button **Print person sheet** to print (after a preview) a data sheet with all entries available per person.



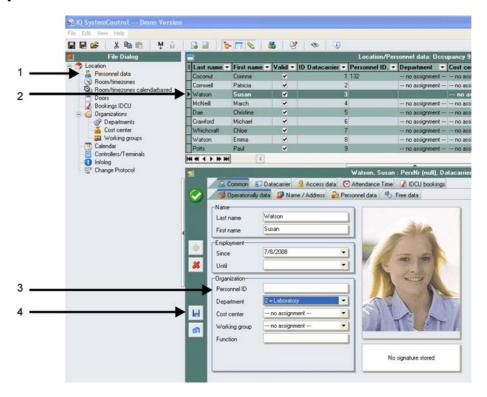
The buttons of the menu bar are selft-explanatory by touching them with the mouse pointer. Printing, saving and opening of files happen according to Windows standard.



#### Print personnel sheets of several persons

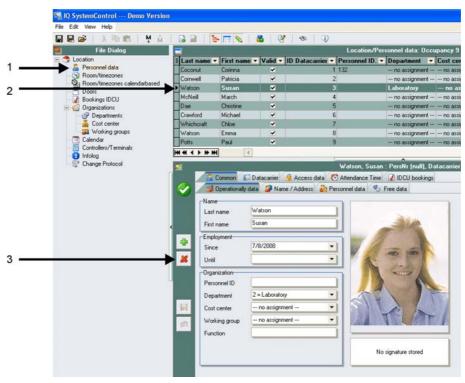
Select the persons required via → **Groupwise changings** (cf. chapter 11) and press button "Print person sheet".

# 6.3 Modify personnel data

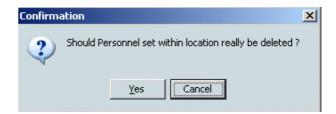


- 1. Select Personnel data in the File dialog window.
- 2. Select the person to be modified in the List window.
- 3. Modify the relevant entries in the tabs as described in 5.1.
- 4. Save.

# 6.4 Delete personnel data



- 1. Select Personnel data in the File dialog window.
- 2. Select the person to be deleted in the List window.
- 3. Delete button.
- 4. Acknowledge confirmation prompt with Yes.





Caution!

Data loss possible!

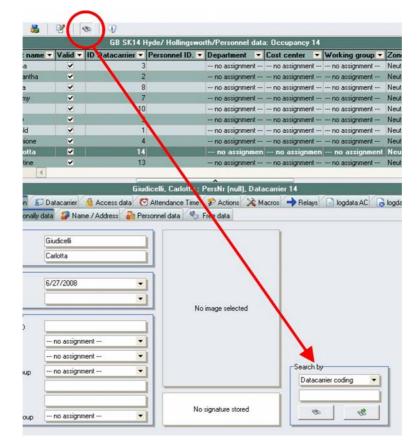
A confirmation for deleting is only prompted if it is activated in the → Setup (see chapter 3.3). In factory setting it is active.

#### **Search for Personnel Data** 6.5



For general information about this subject see also chapter 10.1.1 = Search. Within the personnel master file there exist some additional possibilities for searching:

- 1. In the tab Common / Operationally Data
  - The **Search** symbol opens a window to enter the search criteria: → ID data carrier no. a)
- - → Personnel ID
  - → Data carrier coding
  - → Name
  - → First name





- Enter a value to search for (e. g. ID data carrier no. 123).
   If searching for → data carrier coding enter the → AC unique number
- c) **Search** button: If the entered search criterion has been found, the corresponding line will be highlighted in the list window, the assigned data are displayed in the detail window.

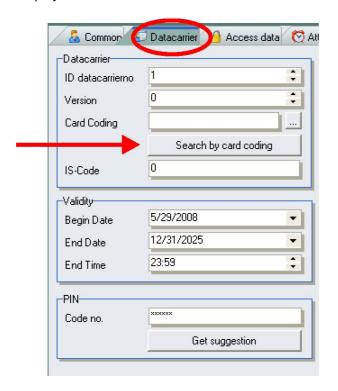


d) Button Continue searching:

If there exist further data records beginning with the entered search criterion, each next record will be displayed by clicking this button (e. g. personnel ID 1230, 1231, 1235 etc.).

#### 2. In the **Data carrier** tab

If a read in station is connected to the computer currently used, a card can read by this read in station after clicking the button **Search by data carrier coding**. The allocated data record will be displayed.



If no card is presented to the reading area of the read in station within 10 seconds after clicking the button, the search is cancelled with the message:



# 7. Controllers/terminals

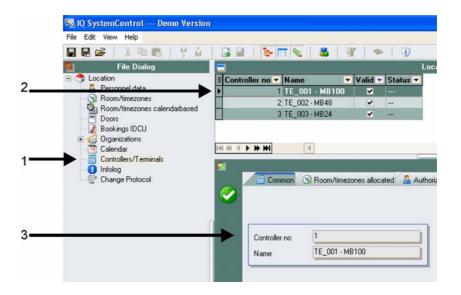
This section consists mainly of displays that are for information only. The controllers/terminals are defined and managed in the installation program IQ NetEdit. They can be neither defined nor deleted in the application program IQ SystemControl.

Common tab:

Controller/terminal number and name from IQ NetEdit are displayed, they cannot be changed.

#### Tabs Room/Time zones allocated / Authirized persons / Infolog / Bookings IACP:

Display of the room/time zones assigned to this controller/terminal, authorized persons,IACP bookings and internal program messages. For details please see chapter 5 = Room/time zones and Chapter 10.4 = Evaluations as a section (tab) in the detail window.



- 1. Select Controllers/Terminals in the File dialog window.
- 2. Select the desired controller/terminal in the list window.
- 3. Select the desired tab in the detail window and set/check the desired parameters.

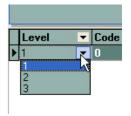
#### **Operator Codes** tab

An operator code is a sequence of numbers which an operator uses to login at an operating unit. IQ MultiAccess takes over already existing codes from the IACP during the installation.

### Create new operator codes



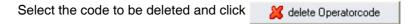
2. Click the new field under the **level** headline. This opens an arrow to select the levels 1, 2 and 3.



3. Depending on the level selected, a 4, 5 or 6 digit operator code can be entered and allocated to one or several main zones (MZ01 - MZ16).



#### **Delete operator code**



The selected data record will be erased without any further message.

# 8. General door data

Doors are configured in the installation program IQ NetEdit. With factory settings, they can be neither defined, change nor deleted in the application program IQ SystemControl.



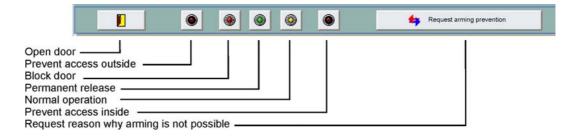
- Select Doors in the File dialog window.
- 2. Select the desired door in the list window.
- 3. Set the desired parameters in the operation area.

#### 8.1 Common tab

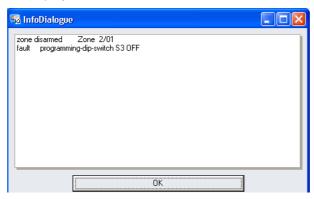
**Buttons:** 

Via the buttons, you can manually modify door states for test purposes. The defined basic condition of the door is overwritten temporarily. After a reinitialization/ parameterizing of a controller/terminal, the controllers/terminals are reset to the originally defined basic condition.

The **open door** button causes a brief release like pushing the door strike key.



The button **Request arming prevention** opens a window with information why it is not possible to arm the system via the selected switching device. A maximum of 5 reasons can be displayed at one time.



The further options, especially the operation modes for AC-functions can only be viewed but not changed here<sup>5</sup>. These operation modes are only used to administrate the AC-functions. The operation modes for arming/disarming and control functions are set in WINFEM.

#### Meaning of the operation modes:

**Data carrier only:** A data carrier is sufficient for identification.

**PIN only:** The PIN input is sufficient for identification

**PIN** and data carrier: For identification first the PIN must be entered and then the corresponding

data carrier must be read

PIN or data carrier: The identification can be done either by enering a PIN or deading a data

carrier.

Without timecheck: The AC-function can be activated by reading an assigned data carrier or

by entering an assigned PIN. In doing so, the door will be released without checking any date and time. It will be enough if the data carrier belongs to a room/timezone that is assigned to the selected switching

device.

**Access inhibited:** The reader/ the keypad of the corresponding door side is not active. An

indetification can not be done which prevents an access.

Example: As of a particular time no one is allowed any more to

enter a room, but all persons who are in the room are

allowed to leave it.

# 8.2 Allocated room/time zones tab

The tab provides an overview of all room/time zones allocated to the door selected.

For examples of individual adjustments of lists see Chapter 10.1.2 = Individual adjustments. For print/export of lists see chapter 10.1.3, steps 4 and 5.

# 8.3 Authorized persons tab

This tab provides an overview of all persons who are permitted to access the selected door.

For examples of individual adjustments of lists see Chapter 10.1.2 = Individual adjustments. For print/export of lists see chapter 10.1.3.

# 9. Door states

Automatical setting of the door condition via room/timezones.

In general, the access criterion defined as → **Normal operation** is valid for a door. This chapter describes possibilities to change this condition automatically time depending.

E. g.: A door is to be permanently released / permanently locked, opened with PIN only, PIN and data carrier, PIN or data carrier etc. during a certain period of time.

### 9.1 Permanent release

**Example:** From 9:00 h until 12:00 h, the main entrance is to be permanently open to the public. This

is to be restricted to the days from Monday to Friday.

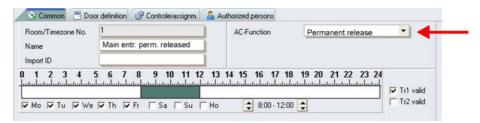
1. Define the room/time zone

The room/time zone covers the period from 9.00 h to 12:00 h.

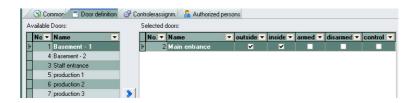
A possible name for the room/time zone could be: Main entrance perm. open.

Define a room/time zone as described in chapter 5.

Select permanent release in the field **AC function** 



2. Assign door "main entrance" in the Door definition tab.





A permanent release has an effect on the door strike, which means the complete door = **both** door sides. Due to this, it does not make any sence to modify the factory settings for outside and inside. IACP doors ignore the settings of arming, disarming and controls as they only affect the AC functions

3. Save.

From now on, the main entrance door is released during the defined time.

#### 9.2 Permanent lock

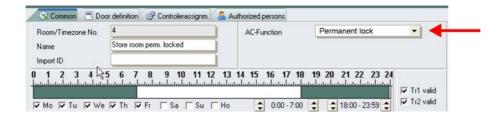
**Example:** Before and after working hours, the store room door is to be permanently locked from 18:00 h until 07:00 a.m. This is to apply to all days.

1. Define the room/time zone

When defining this room/time zone, please note that the time required must be set with two time zones. The first slider covers the period from 00:00 h to 07:00 h. The second slider covers the period from 18:00 h to 23:59 h.

A possible name for the room/time zone could be: *Store room perm. locked* Define a room/time zone as described in hapter 4.

Select permanent lock in the field AC function



2. Assign door "store room" in the Door definition tab.





A permanent locking has an effect on the door strike, which means the complete door = **both** door sides. Due to this, it does not make any sence to modify the factory settings for outside and inside.

A permanent locking for one side only can be achieved by using a door handle at the door side which should not be controlled by the automatic operation. IACP doors ignore the settings of arming, disarming and controls as they only affect the AC functions

#### 3. Save

From now on, the stock room door is locked during the defined time.

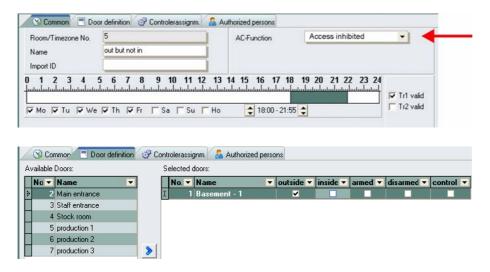


#### Special case: Doors with Doorguard device

Basically, escape route doors are not allowed to be locked. Therefore, escape route doors monitored by a Doorguard device can always be opened using the door handle, even if they are switched to **permanent lock**. The local indication (optical/acoustic) will be triggered. In this case the permanent lock function does not affect on the door itself, but on the operating functions of the Doorguard device (cf. Doorguard manual).

# 9.3 Prevent access

This automatic function corresponds to the function **permanent lock** (see chapter 9.2) with the difference that a doorside can be selected. By means of this, the access to a room can be prevented, whereas it is always possible to leave the room. The settings of arming, disarming and controls are ignored as they only affect the AC functions

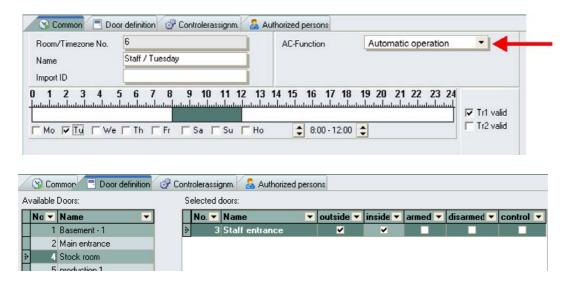


#### 9.4 Automatic functions

The installer can predefine two operation types per door side. E. g. in **normal operation** the door side is set to **data carrier only**, in **automatic operation** the **PIN** is additionally required.

According to factrory settings, the user can not enter these settings on his own, except the required rights are enabled by the installer (see appendix). However, in both cases the user can define at which times the system shall switch from normal to automatic operation and vice versa.

The example displays a room/timezone for automatic switching of the staff entrance on Tuesdays from 8:00 h to 12:00 h.



All further settings are done in WINFEM Advanced.

# 9.5 Priority overview

The following priorities are to be observed when creating AC functions of the room/timezones:

Priority	Prioritised	AC-function	Doorside*		
1	yes	Permanent block	Isinde & Outside		
2	yes	Access inhibited	Isinde	Outside	
3	yes	Permanent release	Isinde & Outside		
4	yes	Automatic operation	Isinde	Outside	
5	yes	Normal operation	Isinde	Outside	
6	no	Permanent block	Isinde & Outside		
7	no	Access inhibited	Isinde	Outside	
8	no	Permanent release	Isinde & Outside		
9	no	Automatic operation	Isinde	Outside	
10	no	Normal operation	Isinde	Outside	

<sup>1 =</sup> highest priority, 10 = lowest priority.

On temporally overlappings of room/timezones, there is always the room/timezone with the higher priority valid.



If a room/timezone with a doorside related AC function overlays a room/timezone with a door related AC function, in each case the other doorside will be switched to normal operation.

# 10. Evaluations

#### 10.1 Overview

IQ MultiAccess provides a variety of lists and evaluations, in separate form and distributed over the corresponding areas.

In the File Dialog window: → Bookings/system activity

→ Infolog

→ Change protocol

As a separate window: → Alarm and info window

→ List window

As a section (tab) in the detail window: → Bookings

→ Infolog

As separate programs: → IQ Monitor

→ IQ SysMonitor

All lists are defined in a certain standard in the factory, but they can be modified/adapted to individual requirements. This applies to the sequence and selection of the columns displayed as well as to the grouping and filtering of the data. The individual adjustments described in the following chapter are generally applicable to all evaluations, no matter from which program part/window they can be started.

Via a setting in IQ NetEdit bookings can be made anonymous. In that case no names and card data will be displayed, only the corresponding events.

#### 10.1.1 Search

Click into any column (1) and do a numeric or alphanumerc input (2). This need not be a complete number or word, a match code will do. In the example below an "**m**" has been entered in the **name** column (there is no need of capitalization).



The display (list and detail window) jumps to the first data record starting with the search criterion entered.

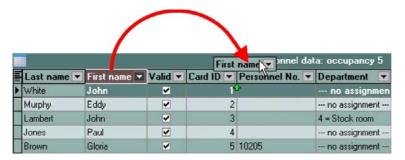
The key combination **Ctrl** ↓ and **Ctrl** ↑ can be used to continue searching forewards / backwards for the same search criterion.

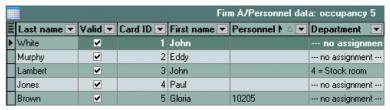
For further search possibillities see chapter 6.4.

# 10.1.2 Individual adjustments

The following indvidual adjustments are valid for all lists

1. Change sequence by shifting a column while keeping the left mouse button pressed.





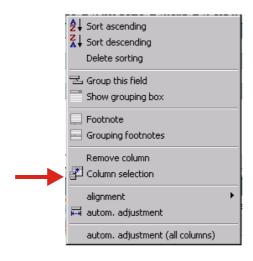
#### 2. Column selection

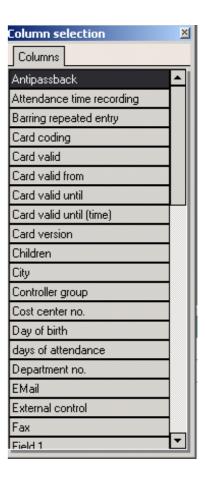
#### Add/delete columns

#### a) Add Variant 1:

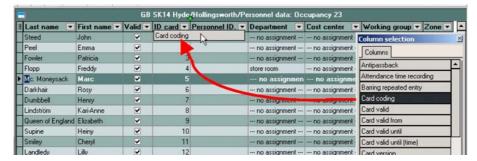
A right-click on the column header opens the menu below:

Column selection opens a list with all available fields:



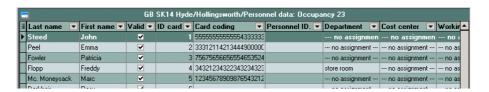


Drag the desired field to the desired position while keeping the left mouse button pressed.





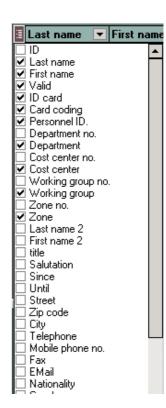
Note! The "Column Selection" window must be closed again afterwards!



Variant 2: A left-click on the list symbol...



...opens a list wilt all fields available:



Tick the column(s) requiered (a). The column(s) will be inserted into the currently opened list according to their sequence in the menu (b). If necessary, the sequence can be changed as described in step 1.



#### b) Delete columns

Columns are deleted by

1. dragging the column header out of the header line

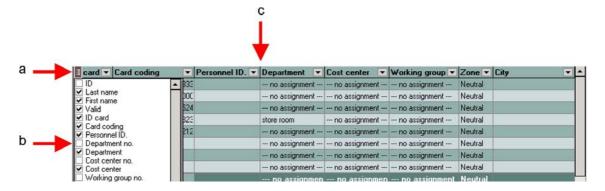
or

 via right-click on the header of the column to be deleted → Remove column. It is only removed from the display, but it is again included in the list of available columns and can be selected from there at any time.



or

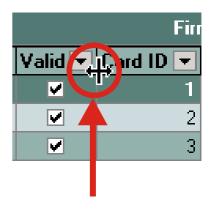
3. Left-click the list symbol and deactivate the column(s) to be removed.



#### 3. Adjust column width

If the mouse pointer is placed between two column headers, it will change its form. While keeping the left mouse button pressed, you can reduce (dragging left) or increase (dragging right) the column width.

With a double-click, the column left of the mouse pointer is automatically adjusted to the width of its content.



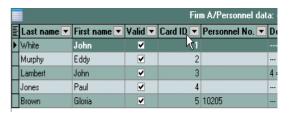
#### 4. Sorting

#### a) Simple sorting

In the factory setting, the individual records are listed in the order of their creation.

Right-click on a column header and selection of **Sort ascending** or **Sort descending** displays the list in the sorting selected. What is decisive here is the individual column header that is selected.

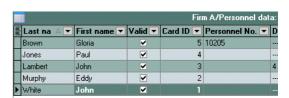
Example 1: Standard display in the order of creation:



Sorting in ascending order in field **Last name**...



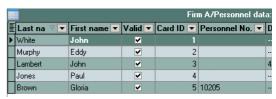
...produces:



Sorting in descending order in field **Last name**...



... produces:





A small grey arrow in the header of the individual column indicates the sorting:

 $\triangle$  = ascending  $\nabla$  = descending.







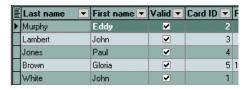
Sorting in ascending/descending order is a toggle function, i.e. there is a shortcut for the function shown above - 1 click into the header of the column to be sorted (left mouse button). That means sorting in ascending order. Each new click will revert the sorting order.



The list can be sorted by any column.

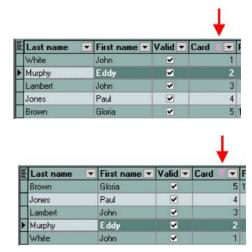
Example 2: The data shown in example 1 are to be sorted in ascending/descending order by ID card number.

Representation in order of creation:



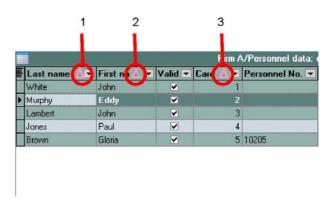
Left-click on header field **Card ID** produces sorting by Card ID in ascending order.

Another left-click on header field **Card** produces sorting by Card ID in descending order:



## b) Multiple sorting

It is also possible to sort by several columns at the same time. For this purpose, the first column is sorted as described above, then the second and each other column is defined in addition while pressing the shift key.



Example: The sorting was carried out in ascending order by last name (1), first name (2) and Card ID (3).

### c) Delete / undo sorting

When item **Delete sorting** is selected, the data are shown again in the original order of creation.

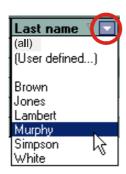


#### 6. Filtering

#### a) For field content

Example: Only persons with the name **Murphy** are to be displayed.

The desired selection (in our example **Murphy**) is defined via the arrow right of field **Last name**.





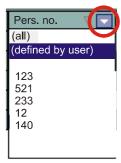
If a filter is set, the arrow lacksquare is blue instead of black.

All personnel master records with last name **Murphy** (in order of their creation) are displayed. By a left-click in the **First name** field, the records are shown in alphabetic order (ascending/descending) by first name.



#### b) User-defined filters

In addition, **user-defined** filtering can be selected in every field.



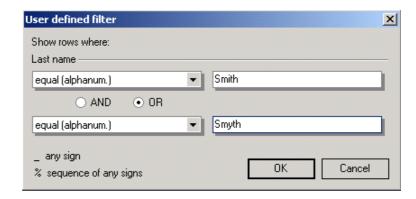
Example: To control the correct spelling, all persons named **Smith** or **Smyth** are to be listed.

A **user-defined** selection is made in field **Department**. One of the available options is selected:

→ equal (alphanum.) In the right-hand field, the alphanumeric value to be checked is entered, here: **Smith.** Note capitalization.

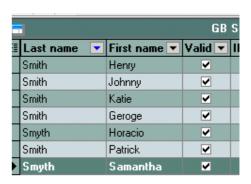
→ or

→ equal (alphanum.) In the right-hand field, the alphanumeric value to be checked is entered, here: **Smyth.** Note capitalization.



#### Button OK.

All records with **Smith** or **Smyth** are displayed.



For an unknown sequence of digits the wildcards "%" (corresponds to "\*" = as many digits as you like) and/or "\_" (corresponds to "?" = one digit) can be used.

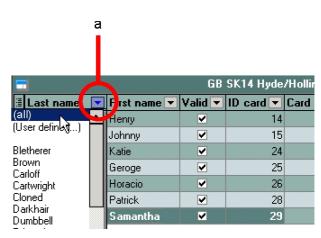
Example:

The input **Ma%** finds all names beginning with Ma, no matter how many digits are following.

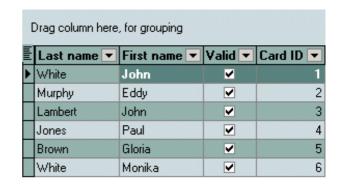
The input \_\_3 finds the number 3 in the spelling 3, but also with any one or two digits in front of it, e. g. 03, 003, x3, xy3, 5r3, T63, \$A3 etc.

### c) Undo filtering

Selection a) - all.



All names are displayed again, the arrow ▼ is black again:



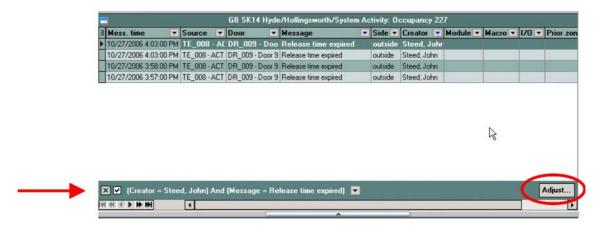
#### d) Extended filter definitions

The sipmle filters described in step a) and b) are sometimes not enough to get some very special information.

The **Adjust** button (only visible with "system activity", "infolog" and "change protocol" in the tree) can be used to create, save and reload further individual filters.

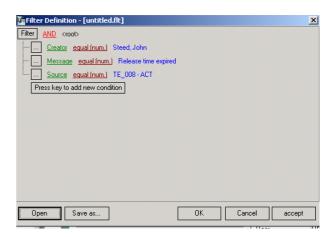
#### **Example:** Using the filter possibillities described previously, we selected:

All bookings of a certain person, at a certain controller with the message "Release time expired".



The corresponding logical function of the selected filter is displayed in the footer of the list.

The **Adjust** button opens a window that displays the logical function, too.



#### Possibillities:

**Open:** Loads an existing filter definition.

Save as: Saves the current filter definition. Drive, directory and file name can be

selected individually according to Windows standard.

**Accept/OK:** Uses the current filter definition.

**Cancel:** Aborts the current filter definition. The filter will not be uised. Modifications

will be ignored.

#### **Logical functions:**

The logical operations available are to be explained with an empty filter. So the displayed filter has to be emptied at first.



Click the **filter** button Delete all

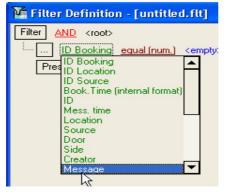
Insert a new condition: Click the **filter** button Add condition

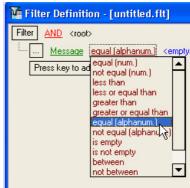
or



#### Click the button Press key to add condition

The new condition is filled with default settings, first. For individual adjustment, the elements required can be chosen out of a list and the input fields can be filled by the corresponding values.







Add the next condition according to the same pattern:

First, both conditions are **AND** connected. In our example this would find all bookings of the employee "Steed" which caused the message "Release time expired".

The logical operation can be changed by clicking the current operation and selecting the operation requiered:

In addition, individual conditions can be combined to groups. Within a complex operation combination, a group will be operated as **one** condition.

Further conditions or condition groups can be inserted all along by clicking the button.

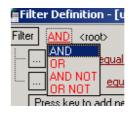
To this new condition or condition group an individual logical operation can be assigned.

To delete a line, click the ...

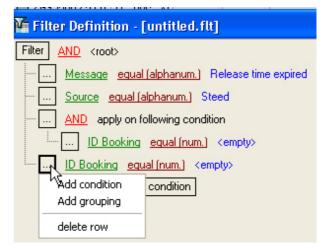
Filter Definition - [untitled.flt]

Filter AND <root>
... Message equal (alphanum.) Release time expired
.... Source equal (alphanum.) Streed

Press key to add new condition









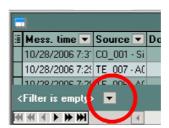
button of the line to be deleted and select **delete row**.

## e) Using wildcards

For an unknown sequence of digits the wildcards "%" and/or "\_" can be used (cf. this chapter, step b = user defined filters).

## f) Use/delete filters

If no filter is selected, an existibg filter can be selected via the arrow  $\overline{\ }$ .



The use of a filter can be switched on or off via

By the  $\chi$  button the current filter can be emptied.



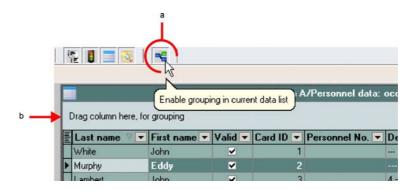
## 7. Grouping

## a) Simple grouping

Grouping means: All records with the same column content are combined into one group, i.e. as many groups are created as there are different contents. In each group, the records with corresponding contents are listed.

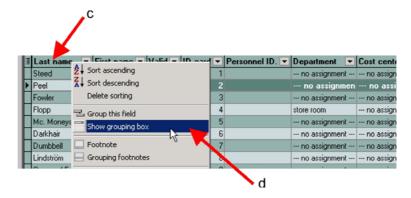
Example: Grouping by department → the persons belonging to one department can be shown.

1. Button a) inserts the grouping field b).



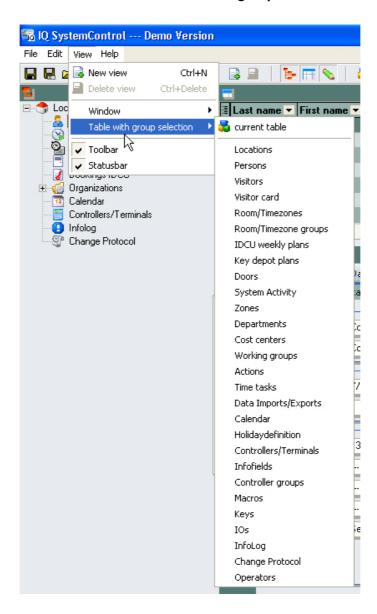
or

Right-click the header of a list (c) and select **show grouping box** (d).



or

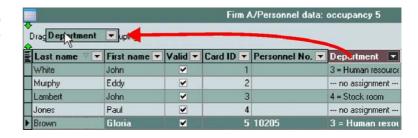
Via the menu → View → Table with group selection → Current table



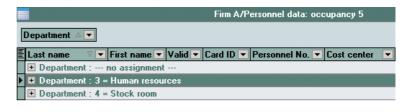


By activating of one or several lists displayed here, the grouping area can be activated/deactivated for any list (even if they are currently not used).

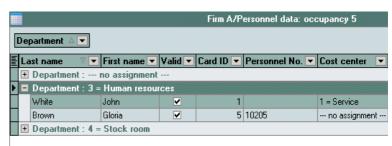
Drag field **Department** onto the grouping field while keeping the left mouse button pressed.



Now the list shows only all departments.



By clicking on character "+" or "-" in front of the term by which the grouping was made (here: Department), the individual records can be shown/hidden. Our example shows all persons of Department 3.





All sorting types and filters described above can be used in addition within this/these display(s).

### b) Extend grouping

Example: All persons are to be

displayed by Last name

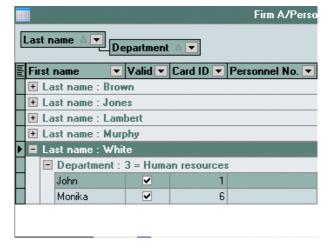
and Department.

Drag field **Last name** onto the grouping field as described above.

Drag field **Department** also onto the grouping field.

Green arrows become visible which mark the position of the new field. A **subgroup** is generally placed right of the grouping field that already exists.

In the list, the persons are now listed 1) by name and 2) by the department they belong to. e. g. White: John and Monika of Department 3 = Humanresources.

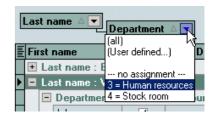


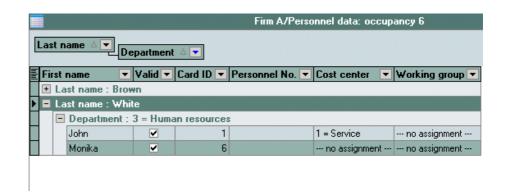


All sorting types and filters described above can be used in addition within this/these display(s).

If e.g. only Department 3 is defined in field **Department** ...

...the display will change accordingly:

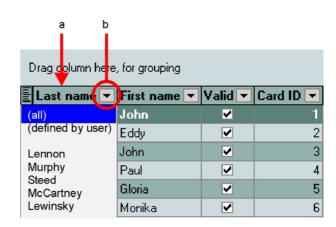




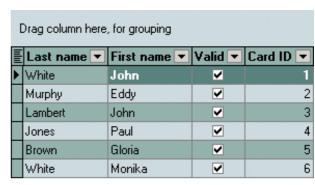
### c) Undo grouping

Drag the field(s) by which the grouping was made back to the header line a) while keeping the left mouse button pressed.

Any filters that have been set can be reset by selection b) - **all**.



All data are displayed again:





#### Save/ load lists

All modified lists can be stored and used again under individual names (see chapter 2.3 / Save / load table view).



Lists are **printed** according to the selection, sorting, grouping and/or filtering that is/are active at the moment (see also Chapter 10.1.2).

## 10.1.3 List handling

### 1. Search

When a matchcode is entered in the individual field (e.g. the first two letters of a name in field Last name), all data records matching the entry are displayed. The more letters you enter, the more precise the display will be. The matchcode can be entered in any line of the column concerned.

The key combination Ctrl ↓ and Ctrl ↑ can be used to continue searching forewards / backwards for the same search criterion.

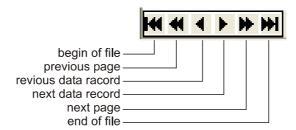


The display generally works without sorting, but it will be made in dependence of the current sorting. In this case, alphabetic sorting in ascending order is advisable. Thus, not only the first record is found, but all others corresponding to the matchcode follow directly underneath.



### 2. Scroll forward/backward

You can scroll forward/backward within a list /display by means of the arrow buttons.

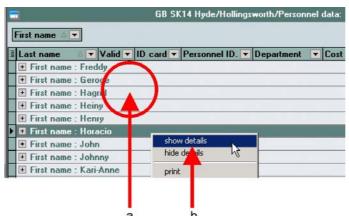


The scroll bars at the bottom and on the sides of a window permit continuous navigation according to the Windows standard.

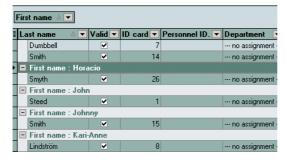
## 3. Show / hide details

If a list has been created via → **grouping** (cf. previous paragraph), the view of **all** elements can be expanded automatically.

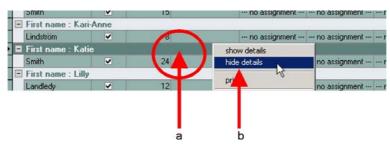
- a) Right-click anywhere into the list.
- b) Show details...



... causes a view with all "+" symbols opened:



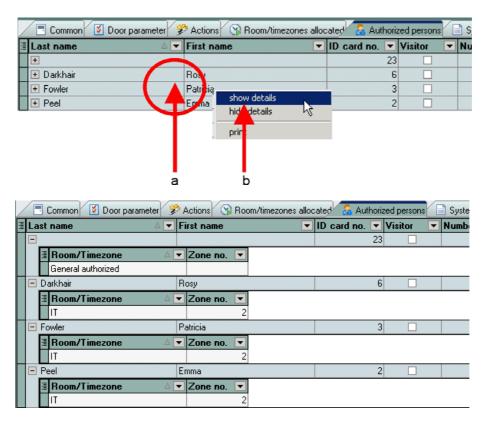
### And vice versa:

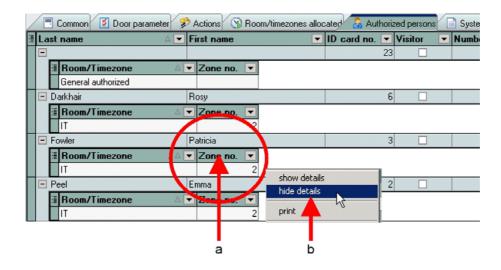


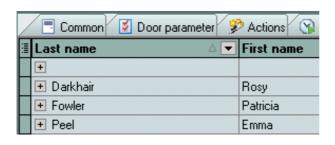
- a) A right-click anywhere into the list...
- b) causes:



The same procedure can be used to show/hide details of pre-sorted lists (e. g.  $\rightarrow$  doors  $\rightarrow$  authorized persons tab).



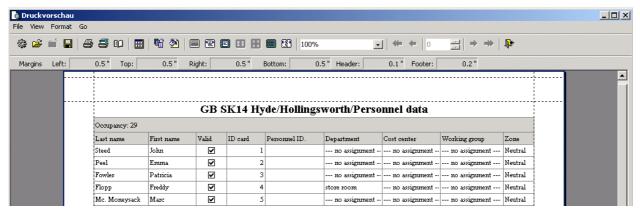




#### 4. Print

Via a right-click into each arbitrary → list the list selected can be printed after preview.





Printing is carried out according to the individual adjustments described in chapter 13. Further print options can be modified via the menu and/or toolbar of this program part. In general, these functions correspond to the standard of the most common text processing programs like Microsoft Word.

## 5. Exporting table



Via this function, the **content of a list** can be transferred into another data format. The export of **data** is described in chapter 18.

Via a right-click into each arbitrary → list the list selected can be exported to one of the formats that follow:

- → Excel
- → Text format \*.TXT
- → Html
- → XML

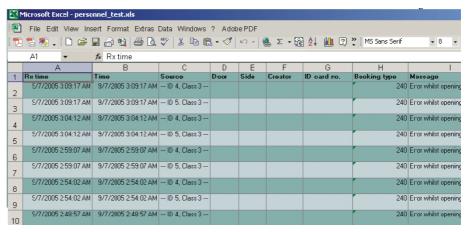


The target directory and the filename can freely be chosen according to Windows standard.

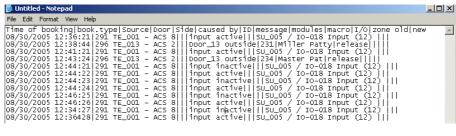
According to the chosen format, the active list will be exported corresopnding to the individual adjustments described in chapter 13 inclusive the currently selected colours.

### **Examples:**

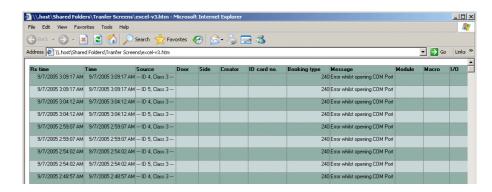
**Excel format:** 



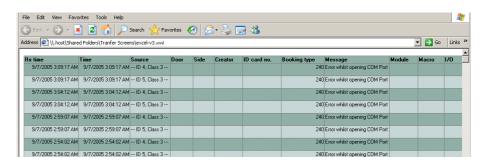
TXT format:



Html format:



XML format:



inclusive XSL control file:

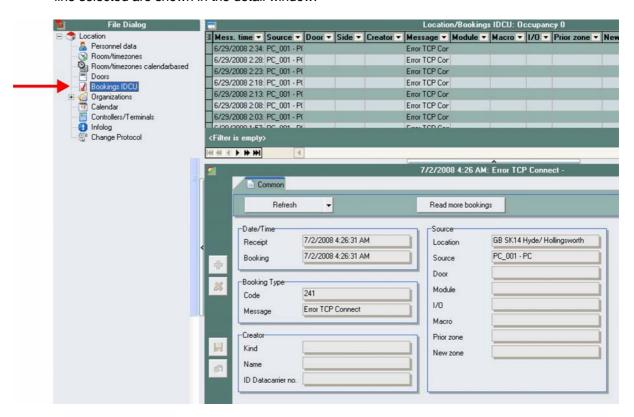
# 10.2 Evaluations in the File Dialog Window

Possible evaluations:

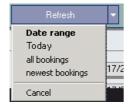
- → All sorts of lists
- → IACP bookings
- → Infolog
- → Change protocol
- → System states
- → Other messages

## 10.2.1 Bookings

Via this selection item, all booking activities can be displayed in the list window. The details of the line selected are shown in the detail window.



For optimizing the processing speed, the 1000 latest bookings are loaded and displayed when this item is selected. Activities occurring after the selection are not displayed online. For this purpose, the **Refresh** button in the detail window must be activated.



Via the scroll-down arrow right of the button, you can specify the type of the data refresh.

Date range:

Via this function, you can select bookings of a certain date (range). The desired date is either typed or selected by means of the calendar.





**Today:** With this selection the bookings of the current date will

be updated.

**Newest bookings:** The 1000 newest bookings are loaded and displayed.

This corresponds to selection of program part Bookings or to Refresh only without selection via the arrow.

All Bookings: All bookings existing for the selection are loaded and

displayed (in our example: all bookings of the location).

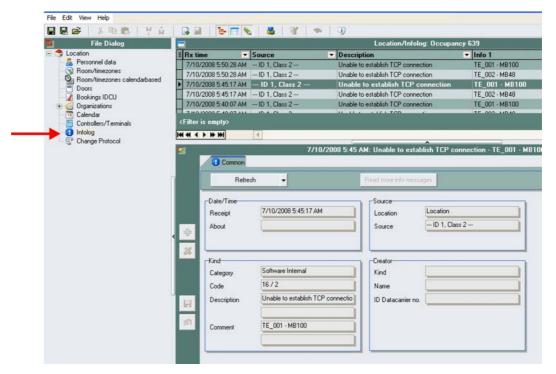
This might take a very long time!



If more than 1000 bookings exist, another 1000 bookings are loaded and displayed each time button **read more bookings** is pressed.

## **13.2.2** Infolog

When you select this item, all internal events in the program are shown in the list window. The details of the line selected are shown in the detail window.



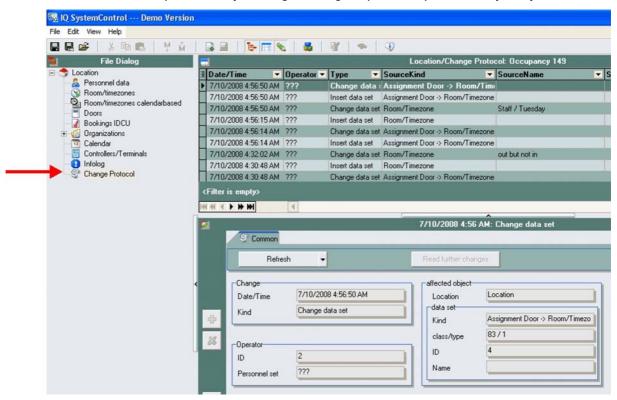
The example above shows an internal system message concerning an MB100 not responding.

These internal messages log internal processes and are normally used for evaluating faults / hardware problems (like this example shows). In most cases, the system administrator is responsible for this.

All other evaluations correspond to the description in chapter 10.2.1.

## 10.2.3 Change protocol

This selection corresponds to a system logfile listing all operations processed by IQ SystemControl.



The example above shows the log of modifying a room/timezone.

As a factory setting, the field "operator" displays "???". Optionally, the installer can modify the settings to show the user who has done the cangings (see appendix).

## 13.2.4 Master data evaluation in the list window

Depending on the area of work selected (e.g. personnel data, doors, room/time zones), the available data are displayed in the list window.

An evaluation in form of a list can be carried out according to chapter 10.1.1.

This function is generally available for all data of the File dialog window. It corresponds basically to the descriptions in Chapter 10.2.3 and is mentioned here only for the sake of completeness.

# 10.3 Evaluations as separate window

## 10.3.1 Alarm and info messages

This window displays info messages and alarms generated by the system and/or via actions (see appendix).

With certain restrictions, the evaluation can be made via individual adjustments acc. to chapter 10.1.

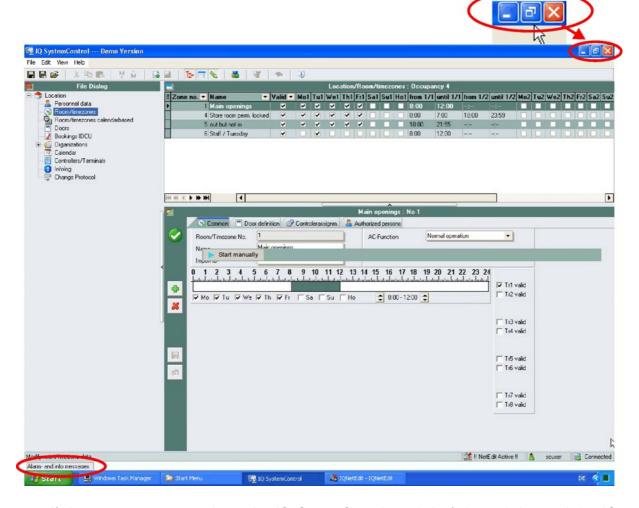


As a factory setting there are 3 messages which refer to the communication to the IACP (see also chapter 3.1). These can be modified and other messages can be added by the installer (see appendix).

Normally the system status window is not opened but only minimized indicated ion the task bar (see chapter 3.1).

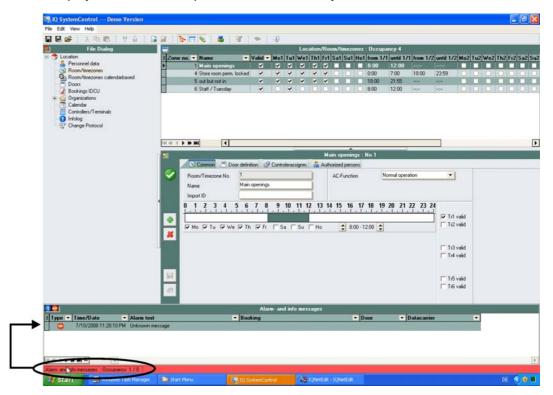


The system status window is normally not opened, but minimized displayed in the status bar (see 3.1). If the status bar should not be visible (e. g. on small monitors) the view should be changed .



If there is an incoming alarm, the IQ SystemControl symbol of the task bar and the IQ SystemControl status bar are flashing alternating.

If the mouse pointer is moved onto the minimized display of the system status window, it will be opened and displayed in front of all opened windows of IQ SystemControl.



Alarm messages are identified by the symbol 👓 , info messages by 🚺 .



Due to individual size adaptations of the windows and/or the minimizing of the system status windos, it might happen that this message is not noticed (immediately) or is covered by another window. A possible remedy could be an acoustic signal provided by another action (cf. appendix).

The optical indication (flashing of the status / task bar) remains active until the corresponding message is deleted.

### Delete an alarm

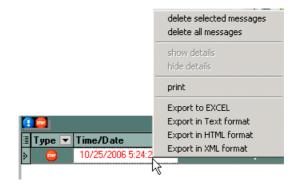
Tick the required message in the status window.

Right-click

Delete marked messagees

Delete all messages

- → deletes only the marked message(s)
- → deletes all messages, regardless whether they are alarms or info messages



**Shut / minimize the status window** by a click onto any other window.

# 10.4 Evaluations as a section (tab) in the detail window:

## 10.4.1 Bookings

In the program sections **personnel data** and **controllers/terminals** there is a tab called Bookings. Evaluation / sorting is carried out according to 10.1.1 and 10.2.1.

## 10.4.2 Infolog

In the program sections **controllers/terminals** there is a tab called Infolog. Evaluation / sorting is carried out according to 10.1.1 and 10.2.2.

# 10.5 Evaluations as separate programs

The two programs described in the following sections can be started manually, if required. They are mainly used by the system administrator for check purposes during the installation, but they can also be started for extended online evaluations.

In contrast to the evaluations within IQ SystemControl, all bookings / messages are immediately displayed online. However, there is no access to previous entries.

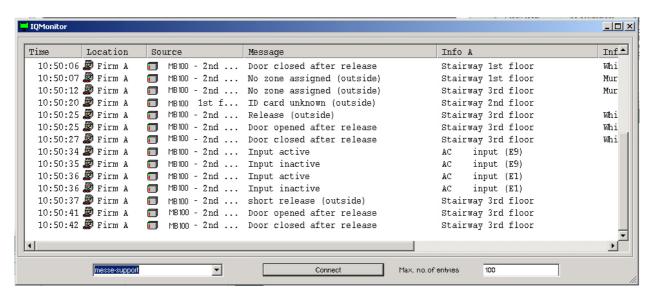
### 10.5.1 IQ Monitor

Selection: Start → All Programs → IQ SystemControl→ IQ Monitor

At first, the display window is empty. In the left-hand selection box, you select the server computer (identification of the computer on which program IQ\_Server runs). The data displayed here are provided by IQ\_Server. Thus, an operator who has the relevant rights can check bookings of any client or the entire system from his/her workstation or any other workstation to which the IQ SystemControl software is assigned. Then the **Connect** button must be pressed.

The display window is cleared by means of the **Disconnect** button.

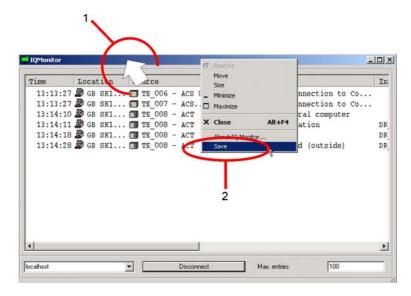
The functions connect and disconnect are on the same button. This button has a toggle function, so that either connect or disconnect is active.



In the field **Max. no. of entries** you can define how many bookings shall be displayed (minumum = 10, maximum = 2,147,483,647, which means endless/all).

The data correspond mainly to the bookings described in Chapter 10.2.1.

Via a right-click into the heading the current display can be saved in a text file.



The file is called IQMonitor.TXT and is in the directory.

 $... \\ \label{local_loc$ 

It can be viewed with the editor.



The next saving overwrites this file.

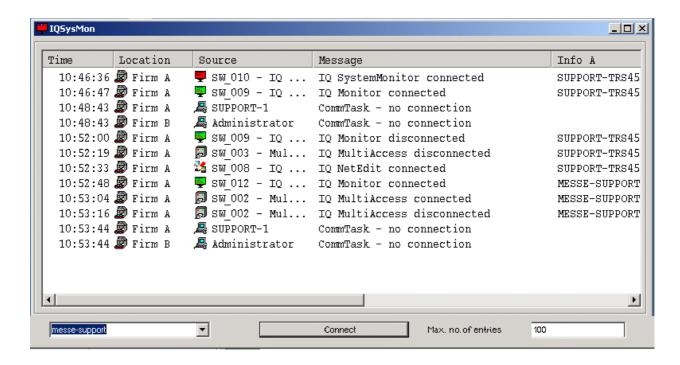
## 10.5.2 IQ SysMonitor

Selection: Start → All Programs → IQ SystemControl → IQ SysMonitor

At first, the display window is empty. In the left-hand selection box, you select the server computer (identification of the computer on which program IQ\_Server runs). The data displayed here are provided by IQ\_Server. Thus, an operator who has the relevant rights can check system (error) messages, infos and alarms of any client from his/her workstation or any other workstation to which the IQSystemControl software is assigned. Then the **Connect** button must be pressed.

The display window is cleared by means of the **Disconnect** button.

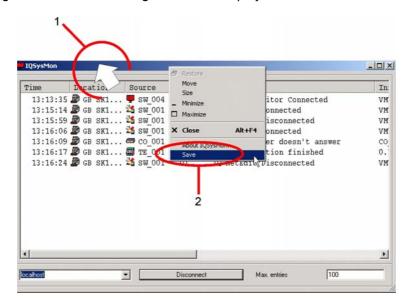
The functions connect and disconnect are on the same button. This button has a toggle function, so that either connect or disconnect is active.



In the field **Max. no. of entries** you can define how many bookings shall be displayed (minumum = 10, maximum = 2,147,483,647, which means endless/all).

The data correspond mainly to the info messages described in Chapter 10.2.2.

Via a right-click into the heading the current display can be saved in a text file.



The file is called IQSysMon.TXT and is in the directory

 $... \\ \label{localized} IQ\_MultiWIN\\ \label{localized} IQ\_SysMonitor$ 

It can be viewed with the editor.



The next saving overwrites this file.

# 11. Change groupwise

Modifications concerning more than one data records can be carried out globally.

Example 1: The cost center of a certain department changes. If you proceed as follows you do not have to carry out the modification for each member of this department individually:

- 1. Select **personnel data** in the selection window.
- 2. Select Edit → Change groupwise in the menu bar ...

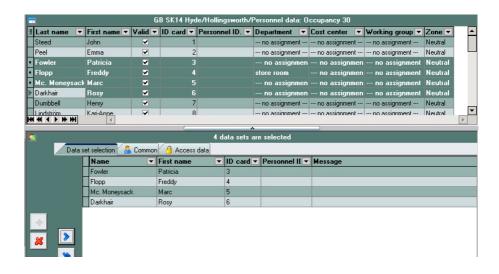


... or use icon

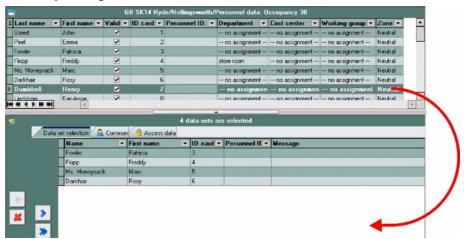


to start the function.

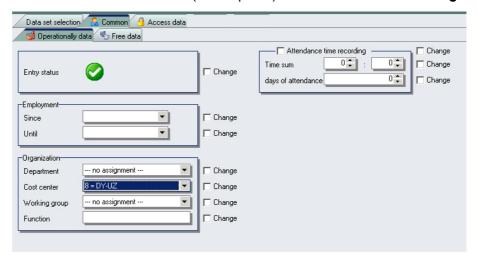
- Select the individual personnel records in the list window and shift them into the Data record selection.
  - a) Select the individual records and assign them with the **D** button.
  - b) Select several individual records while pressing the Ctrl key and assign them with the 🖻 button.
  - c) Select individual records from to while pressing the Shift key and assign them with the ▶ button.
  - d) The button is used for assigning all records.
  - e) Make the relevant grouping by department already in the list window (see Chapter 13) and assign this selection with the ▶ button.



f) ...or drag the records selected from the list into the record selection while pressing the left mouse button.



4. Enter / select the current data (cf. Chapter 5) and activate checkbox Change.





Only fields for which **Change** is activated will be changed. It is not enough to simply modify the contents of the field.

The Room/timezones tab includes the additional options add, exclusive and delete.



**Add:** The modifications of this tab will be added to the existing data of

the persons selected (factory setting).

**Exclusive:** Only the modified entries of the corresponding tab will be applied

to the persons selected. All existing entries on this tab will be deleted for the persons selected. The data of other tabs are not

affected.

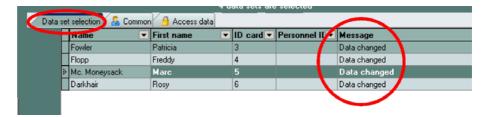
**Delete:** The data for which the Change checkbox is activated will

be deleted for the persons selected.

5. Save = modifications are accepted and acknowledged accordingly.



The **Data set selection** displays the modifications or an error message with a possible reason.



6. You exit this program part by selecting again **Edit → Change groupwise** or via the icon or simply selecting another part of the file dialog window.



## Warning! Data loss possible!

To remove data records from the selection use **M**.

If is used instead, the records will be deleted completely out of the database and

not removed from the selection!

Please note the corresponding confirmation:



In order not to delete the data records by mistake, Cancel is pre-defined.

Example 2: Print personnel sheet of multiple persons (cf. chapter 6.2).

Select persons according to examples 1 and 2, activate **Print person sheet** in the **Common** tab and press **Save**.



## Exit groupwies changing

By selecting again the menu item **Change groupwise** or clicking the icon again or selecting another area in the file dialog window, the program returns to single processing.

# 12. Doors operated by locking cylinders

Independent of the previously described administration of IACP-data, IQ SystemControl can also be used as an autarkic access control system for doors with locking cylinders. The programmings here refer **exclusively** to doors with **offline cylinders / fittings**. Online cylinders / fittings are handled as wired doors.

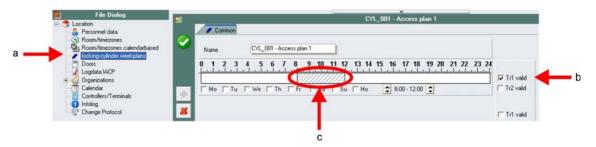
# 12.1 Setting up the authorizations

## 1. Create week plans

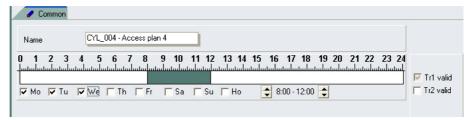
The basic handling corresponds to the "normal" room/timezones (cf. chapter 5), with the following variations:

A maximum of 32 week plans can be created per loction.

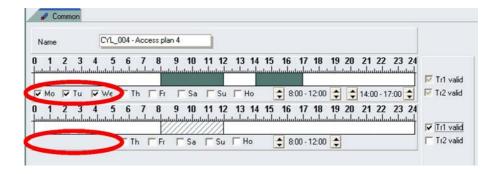
On activation of a time range firstly the time bar will be diplayed hatched. Times cannot be set yet.



The bar changes its colour only after allocation of at least one day the time range is to be valid. Times can be set according to chapter 5.



Days a time range is already allocated to are no longer available for further time ranges within one access program.



## 2. Authorize persons

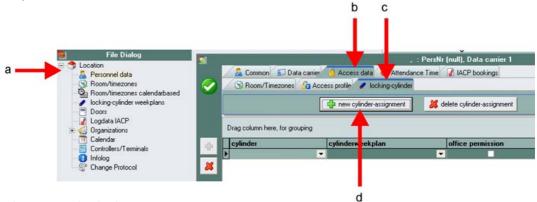
Create/select a person according to chapter 6.



Doors operated by a locking cylinder are basically handled separately. They can be allocated to a person exclusively or in any combination with doors operated by IACPs. The settings do not cause any reciprocal interfereces. Access control functions of IACP- doors (e. g. permanent release, general authorization etc.) have no influence on doors operated by locking cylinders.

Personnel data → Access data → Locking cylinder

→ New cylinder allocation



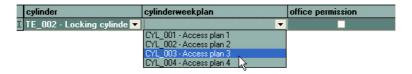
Select the required cylinder.





To each person any number of locking cylinders can be allocated, but each locking cylinder can be allocated only **once** with **one** week plan to **one** person.

Select the required week plan entered in step 1.

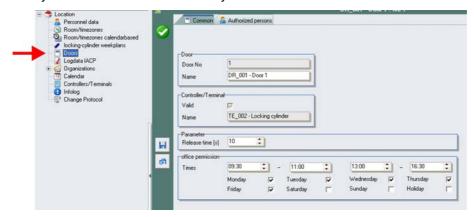


Alternatively activate the option → office permission

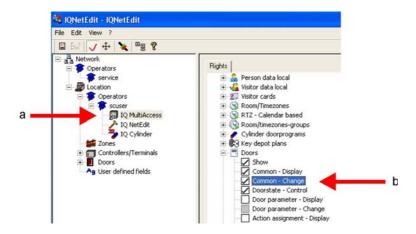


Within the defined times, persons (data carriers) with office authorization can switch the corresponding door to permanent release.

While setting up the doors, those times will be set to predefined defaults, but they can be modified at any time for each door individually...



...provided that the IQ SystemControl user has the required rights (**not** active in factory settings, to be activated by the installer).



## Operation<sup>6</sup>

### Switch to permanent release:

Read data carrier twice

or

Hold data carrier in front of the reading module as long as 2 optical (green LED) and acoustic signals indicate that the door is switched to permanent release (door can be opened without data carrier).

### Exit permanent release:

Read data carrier once

1 optical (red LED) and acoustic signal indicates that the door has been reset to normal operation (release only possible with authorized data carrier).

## Automatic exit of permanent release:

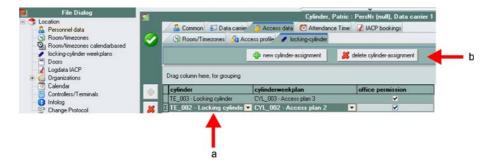
The permanent release mode ends automatically by achieving the defined end time unless it has not been stopped manually before.

<sup>6</sup> 

### **Revoke door authorization**

Select the required person

- a) Select the allocated door operated by locking cylinder
- b) Delete cylinder allocation

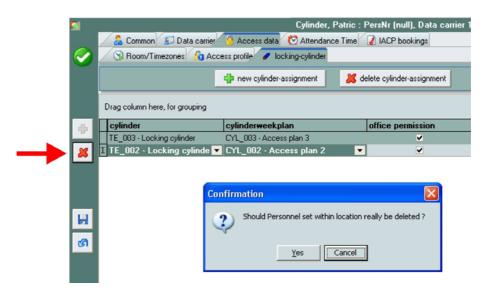


The allocation of the locking cylinder will be deleted from the personnel record without any further prompting.



## Warning! Data loss possible!

If the common *delete* button is used instead of *delete cylinder allocation*, the complete data record will be deleted (after confirmation)!



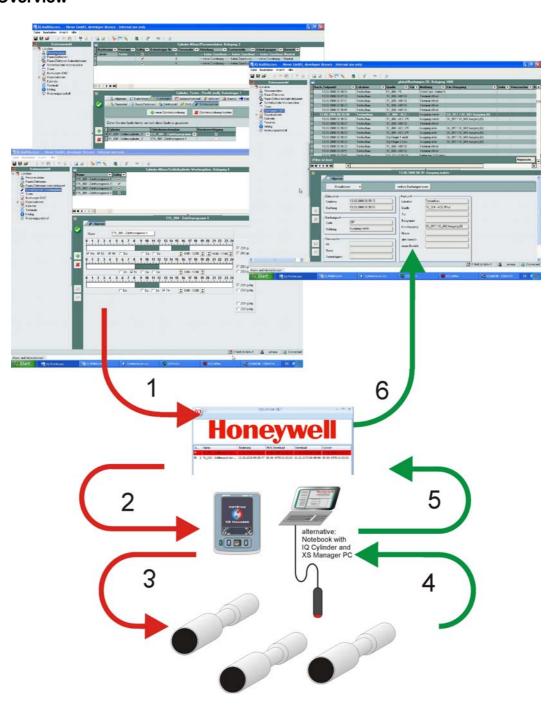
A confirmation for deleting is only prompted if it is activated in the  $\Rightarrow$  Setup (see chapter 3.3). In factory settings it is active.

## 12.2 Data transfer

Basically, **offline locking cylinder** doors are operated offline. That means the data transfer between IQ SystemControl and the doors must be carried out via a PDA (PALM) or a laptop/netbook **regularly or if required**. Besides, functions which reqire online connection are not supported (e. g. actions, macros, APB, etc.). For this reason the data of the **authorized persons** and **bookings** tabs will not be quite up to date.

Observe the use of online cylinders / fittings: After successful installation the online cylinders / fittings a initialization must be made by the installer with the software "WINFEM advanced". In contrast to offline cylinders / fittings please observe: After successful installation **online cylinders / fittings** are handled as **wired doors**.

## 12.2.1 Overview



- 1. Data created/modified in IQ SystemControl are internally trransferred to the program section IQ Cylinder.
- 2. PDA only: Via the **HotSync** operation of the PDA the data arrive at the PDA (USB connection).
- 3. Via an infrared interface the PDA or laptop sends the data of IQ SystemControl / IQ Cylinder to the individual cylinders.
- 4. In case that bookings have already been done there, they will automatically be transferred to the PDA or laptop.
- 5. PDA only: The bookings received from the cylinders will be transferred to the program section **IQ Cylinder** via the **HotSync** operation.
- 6. Internally, the bookings will be passed from IQ Cylinder to IQ SystemControl for evaluation.

## 12.2.2 Data transmission via PDA

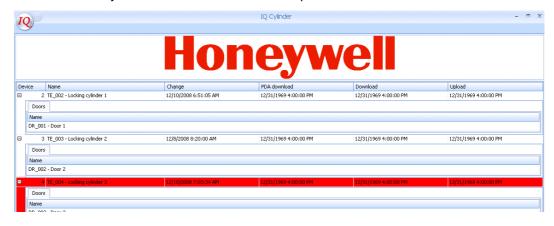
- 1. Enter the personnel and door data as described previously.
- 2. Start the program → IQ Cylinder.



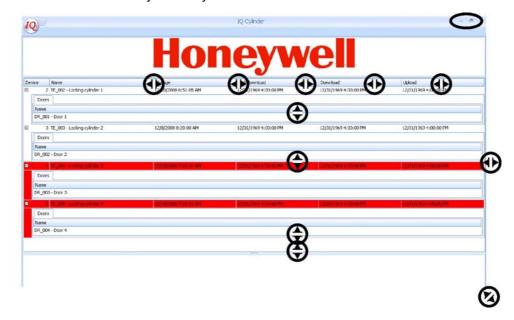
A list of all available doors operated by locking cylinders is displayed.



Click the + symbol of the **device** column to open further information.



The size adjustment of windows, columns and lines can be done according to Windows standard and the descriptions of chapter 2.2 and is possible at the marked positions. The lines and columns will fit dynamically to the modified size of the main window.



The individual doors/cylinders are highlighted either red, yellow or white.

## Meaning of the colours

Red: Data synchronisation successful.

Yellow: AC data have been transferred to PDA.

This does not provide any information whether they have already been

transferred to the doors/cylinders.

White: AC data of the doors/cylinders have been synchornised.

3. Use a USB cable to connect the PDA with the PC and start the HotSync operation on the PDA. The communication between the computer and the PDA is displayed by a corresponding window of the communication software. (For details see original manual of the PDA).



For red highlighted doors/cylinders there exist data to be transferred. The data of IQ Cylinder/IQ SystemControl will be synchronized with the data of the PDA. The doors/cylinders will be hoghlighted yellow in IQ Cylinder. (There will always be transferred **all** door relevant data of **all doors**, even if they are not highlighted red - so they have not been modified).

4. For each door/cylinder:

Start the program **> XS-Manager** on the PDA. Turn the cylinder to activate it<sup>7</sup>. Adjust the infrared interface of the PDA to the locking cylinder. The communication will be established.

### Select **Synchronize** in XS-Manager.

The modified door data will be transferred to the cylinder. Subsequently the bookings (if existing) will be transferred from the cylinder to the PDA.



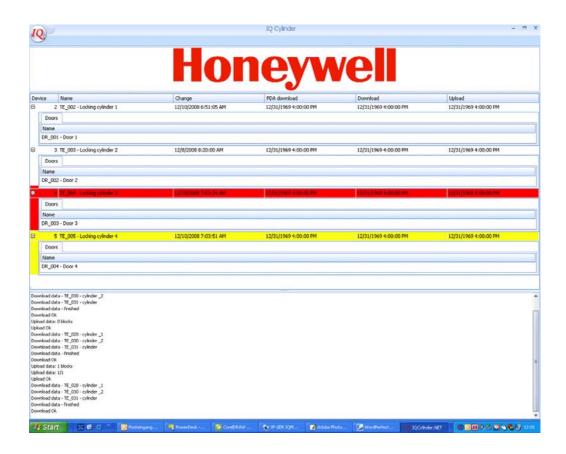
Details on communication between cylinder and XS-Manager see user manual of XS-Manager.



5. Use a USB cable to connect the PDA with the PC and start the HotSync operation on the PDA. The communication between the computer and the PDA is displayed by a corresponding window of the communication software. (see step 3. For details see original manuals of the PDA). The data of the PDA and IQ Cylinder/IQ SystemControl will be synchronized. The doors/cylinders are highlighted white in IQ Cylinder<sup>8</sup> (in the example door 1 and 2). The lower window protocols the communication operations. Now the bookings are available for evaluation in IQ SystemControl (see chapter 10).

The actuation may differ depending on the cylinder type. For details see manuals of the individual cylinders.

unless new modifications have been done in the meantime. In that case the doors are highlighted red again. The data will be distributed to the doors/cylinders the next turn.



Modifications which may have been done in the meantime (indicated by red highlighted doors/cylindes) now again will be transferred to the PDA, the procedure restarts right from the beginning.



To guarantee the most up date data stock, the synchronisation should be done regularly. In contrast to offline cylinder / fittings please observe: After successful installation online cylinders / fittings are handled as wired doors.

## 21.2.3 Data transmission via PC (laptop/notebook)

Basically, the PC variant works identical as the PDA version. Both software transmission programms (**IQ Cylinder** and **XS-Manager**) are installed on the laptop/notebook. The procedure is the same as described in chapter 21.2.2.

- 1. Connect laptop with the network and start IQ Cylinder. Then start XS-Manager and synchronize the data. The registered / changed data from IQ SystemControl are synchronized with IQ Cylinder and transferred to the software XS-Manager.
- Disconnect laptop from the network. Use the IrDA-USB-Adapter to connect laptop with the offline cylinder / fittings. Start XS-Manager and use the command synchronize to send the data to the cylinder/ fitting.
- 3. In case that bookings have already been done there, they will automatically be transferred to the laptop.
- 4. Reconnect laptop with the network and start IQ Cylinder. Then start XS-Manager and synchronize the data. The bookings received from the cylinders will be transferred to the program IQ SystemControl.

# 13. Virtual Operating Unit for Intruder Alarm Control Panels

## 13.1 General

This option simulates the graphic operating unit "Touch-Center BUS-2", item no. 012577 in IQ SystemControl and/or IQ MultiAccess with option IACP-connection. It serves for status indication and operation of the intruder alarm control panel(s) controlled via IQSC / IQMA.

Very few operating procedures are requiered in normal, everyday operation. The explanations following describe and restrict to the use of the intruder alarm control panel in conjunction with the virtual oerating unit:

- General operation functions
- Function of indication and operation elements
- Simple fault clearance

For sequence and meaning of the individual operation steps as well as the meaning of the messages and management of appropriate activities see manual of the individual intruder alarm control panel.

Programming which affects the system, is reserved to the installer. Please contact the installation company if you have any problems, desires to upgrade the systems etc.

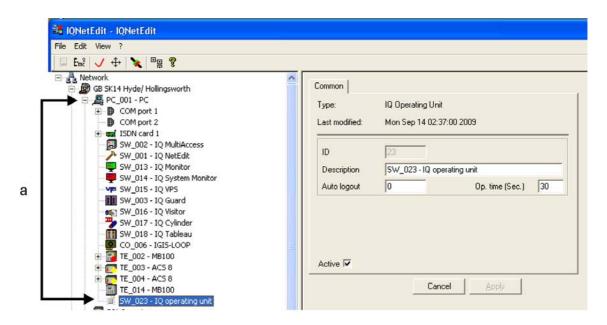
# 13.2 Installation/Setup

Requirements IACP: Firmware as of V10.xx

The standard version of IQ SystemControl / IQ MultiAccess with option IACP-connection includes **one** virtual operating unit. This virtual operating unit has access to all IACPs created in IQSC / IQMA. The use of further virtual operating units requires item no. 013598 which is an option with costs.

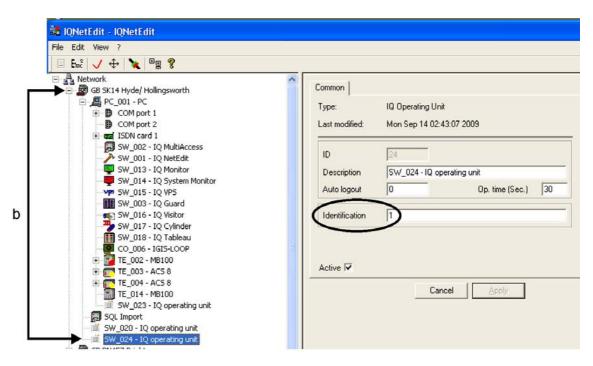
Insert the software IQ Operating Unit in IQ NetEdit:

a) at one or several workstations

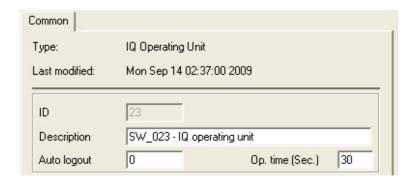


and/or

b) at one or several locations. In this case the input of a server identification is mandatory9.

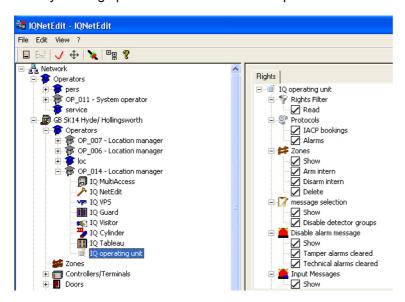


On the basis of the IACP-standard, an operation time in seconds can be entered. The default value is set to 30 seconds. The operation time covers the time period during which entries are possible. It restarts afer each input (keystroke / mouse click). If no input occurs within the time defined, the program will switch automatically back to the first screen of the user interface. The value "0" means unlimited operation time.



<sup>9</sup> 

Every new created operator with default rights has full access to the virtual operating unit. These rights can be restricted individually (cf. installation instructions P32205-26-0G0-xx, chapter 5.22 Rights tab and chapter 8 = Operators). The software **IQ OperationUnit** inclusive its rights must be manually assigned to already existing operators transferred via an update from version 7 or older.



# 13.3 Operation

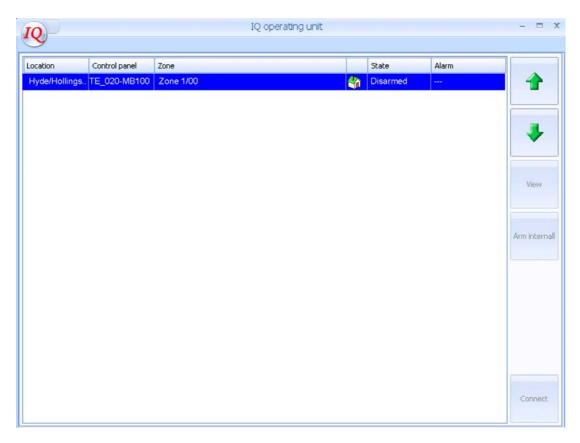
To start the program double-click the file IQOpUnit.EXE in the directory

...\Program Files\IQ\_MultiWIN\IQ\_Clients\IQ\_OpUnit

Input of user name, password and server identification according to IQMA / IQSC standard.

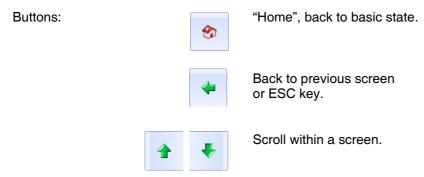


### **User interface:**



All intruder alarm control panels created in IQSC / IQMA will be displayed with their current status and, if existing, pending alarms. Select the desired panel by double-click or by highlighting +

The activation of certain functions can be done by clicking the corresponding button or directly via double-clicking a participant / message displayed in the view window.

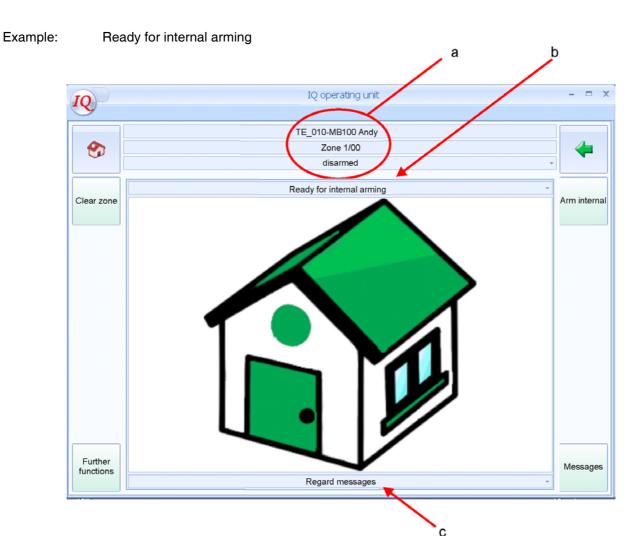


Further buttons are context dependent and labelled in plain writing.

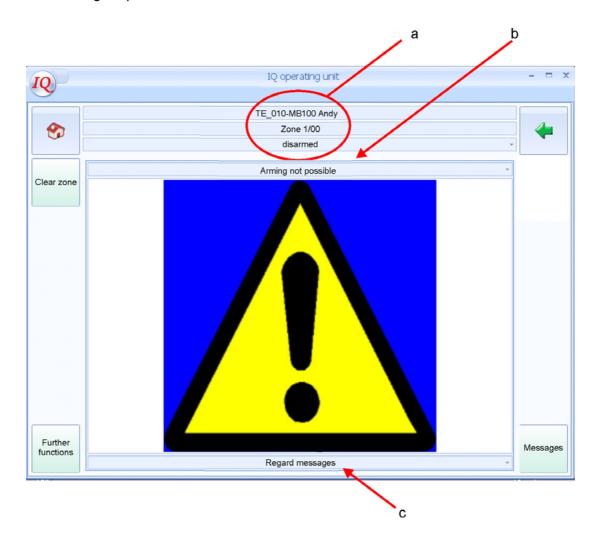
### **Basic state**

- a) Display of the selected panel and its current status.
- b) Display whether the system can be armed or not.
- c) Information on further procedure.

Depending on b) and c) appropriate buttons are additionally available (e. g. "Internal arming", "Messages").



Example: Arming not possible



### **Further functions**

The key Further opens the menu:



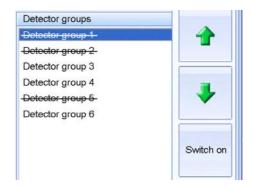
### **Detector groups**

There is an overview of the current status of the detector groups in general and buttons to select a type of detector groups where individual detector groups can be switched on or off

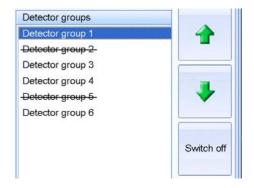


Within a detector group type there is a list of the individual detector groups. They can be switched on or off (enabled / disabled).

Disabled detector groups are crossed out in this display.

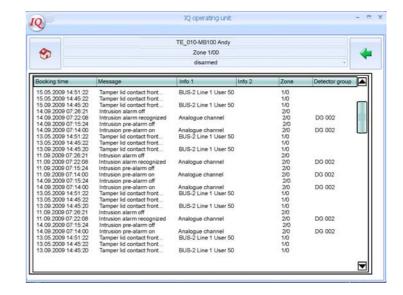


Depending on the status of the selected detector group, either the button "Switch on" or "Switch off" is available.



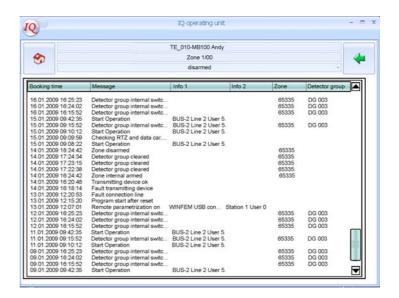
#### **Alarm memory**

In opposite to the **→ event memory** which displays all saved events of an IACP the alarm memory only displays alarms.



#### **Event memory**

The event memory stores all events happening at the IACP. This display shows the latest 1000 entries.



#### Time

In the upper section of this menu date and time of the intruder alarm control panel is displayed.

They can be set by overwriting them in the lower section. In addition, the automatic daylight

In addition, the automatic daylight saving time switch can be activated.

Click Confirm to save settings.



#### Test

Via this function a walk test can be activated.



A message indicates that the walk test is currently active.

Arming / disarming switches off the walk test.



### Maintenance

This function displays the next maintenance due date and the release / blocking of the remote parametrization.



### **Automatic**

This function lists all existing macros, which can be individually selected and started.

### **Addresses**

This function lists all addresses stored in the IACP, e. g. the address of the responsible installer or the security service etc.

Caramel

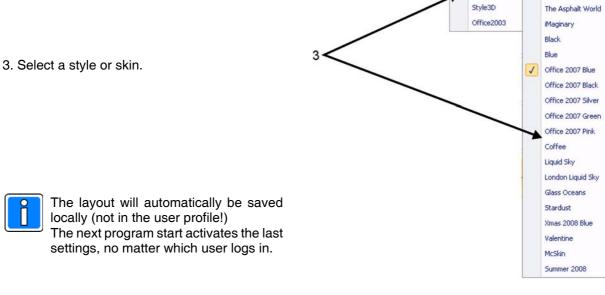
Lilian

Money Twins

### Individual adjustment

This function allows a selection between several layouts.

- 1. Click the IQ-symbol
- 2. Look and Feel



Look And Feel ▶

Skins

Flat

UltraFlat

# 13.4 Description of Arming / Disarming Function

### 13.4.1 Arming/disarming an intrusion detection control unit

Arming/disarming - these terms mean practically the same thing as switching the system on and off.

To switch on means to arm the system. This can either be the "internally armed" status for presence security or the "externally armed" status for absence security.

To switch off means to disarm the system.

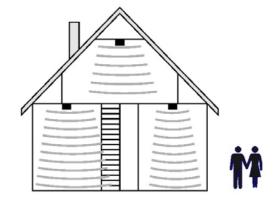
Arming and disarming is performed using appropriate operating elements.

Depending on the version and components of your system, these elements can be operating units, a block lock, a security operating panel, a door code or a proximity operating device (IDENT-KEY system).

### 13.4.2 Absence security

Absence security refers to external arming using a suitable operating element e.g. a block lock. This means that you assume that the zone to be secured has been vacated and cannot be entered even accidentally through an unlocked door, for example.

The control panel can only be externally armed if there is no fault in the mains or the battery. In addition, no detector group or lock group may be actuated. Also, no uncleared alarm or fault of the telephone dialing device (transmission device) should be pending.



Detector groups which were internally disabled are automatically reactivated by external arming. However, after disarming disabling is active again.

Arming is acknowledged by an audible signal which lasts approx. 3 seconds.

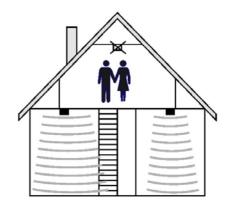
Every impending alarm criterion now releases a main alarm. Depending on the system configuration, the alarm is transmitted visually (flashing lamp) and/or audibly (loudspeaker). This alarm can also be reported to a security service via a transmission device, if installed.

Absence security status can only be lifted by disarming using an operating element such as the block lock. After disarming, an actuated alarm is displayed on the corresponding displays of the operating units and on any parallel display boards installed.

## 13.4.3 Presence security

Presence security does not require that the secured zone must be vacated. Partial zone arming is possible with this form of security, i.e. you can disable detector groups. It is then possible to move about within these detector groups without releasing an alarm by actuating a motion detector or a window contact, for example. Internal arming is carried out using operating units.

An impending alarm criterion releases an internal alarm. The displays of operating units and parallel boards are not blanked - this means that the system status is immediately recognizable.



Presence security can be cancelled by disarming using operating units or, if programmed, by briefly locking and unlocking the external arming element.

The latter function is intended for persons who return home late and who must deactivate internal arming before entering the internally armed zone. This disarming simultaneously switches off the internal acoustic signal transmitters.

# **Appendix**

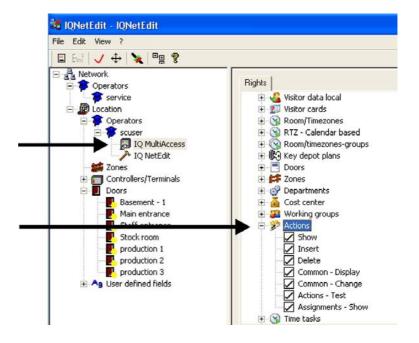
The program sections described here are not active with factory settings. The installer can select those settings with his service user and password and enter settings on the customer's requirements, or he can enable these areas for the customer by activating the coprresponding user rights.

### 1. Actions

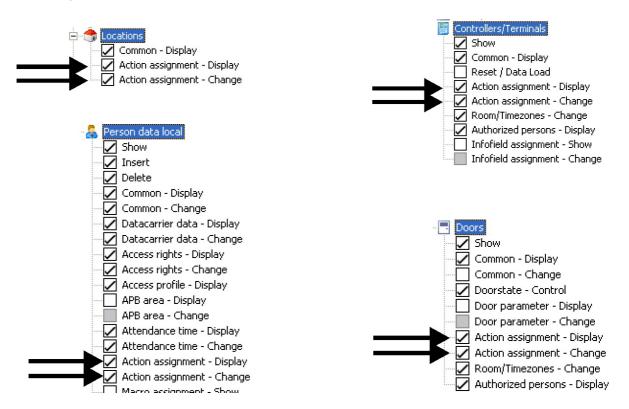
See also chapters 3.1, 3.2 and 10.3.

#### **Rights required:**

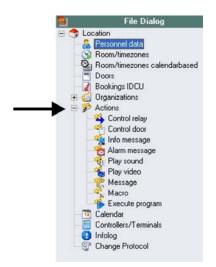
For actions, the IQ SystemControl user needs all rights (as displayed) in IQ MultiAccess.



Depending on where actions have to be assigned, rights to view and modify actions are required for the locations, persons, doors and / or controllers / terminals.



From now on there exists the actions area the user interface (re-login required).



The factory settings of IQ systemControl include 3 alarm messages. Optionally they can be modified or further alarm and/or info messages can be added. The "Play sound" action can be used as an additional acoustic information on an incoming message.

All other actions are not relevant for IQ System Control and will partly not be supported. The full range of actions can only be used by IQ MultiAccess. The following examples are from IQ MultiAccess. The functions supported by IQ SystemControl correspond to these descriptions.

IQ SystemControl uses actions to display alarm and info messages and to play sounds. Actions can be assigned to a persdon (data carrier), a door or a controller or be started via a scheduler.

#### **Fundamental procedure**

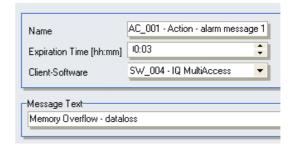
### Create and assign actions

1 . **Select** the required action in the file dialog window.

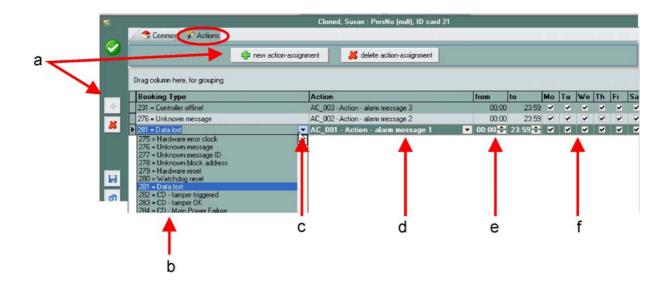


2. **Define** the selected action by filling in the parameters required. They vary depending on the individual action and are described in the paragraphs that follow.

Example "Alarm message":



3. **Assignment** to a location, door, controller and/or person. Wherever an action can be assigned, an **actions** tab exists.



a) Add new action

For actions, the symbol is not on the left side but on the **New Action** button.

Reason:

The symbol to the left creats a new data record of the main topic selected currently, e. g. a new personnel data record.

But this is exactly what we do not want in this particular case. Therefore this button is not active, only the button New Action

- b) Select a booking type to run the action.

  The arrow button popens a menu of booking types available. The selected booking type is interpreted as trigger for the action.
- Select a door, the booking type of step b) must occur to start the action. The door column does not exist for all allocations.
   The arrow button pens a menu of doors available.
- d) Select the required action.
   The arrow button pens a menu of actions available.
- e / f) The columns **from** and **to** can be used to define a time period within the action is to be executed. If the trigger event is activated beyond this time period, the action will not be executed. The days **Mo Su** have the same meaning. The action will only run (within the valid time period of the columns **from** and **to**) on days which are marked as active.

Generally one or several actions can be assigned.

#### Delete action assignment

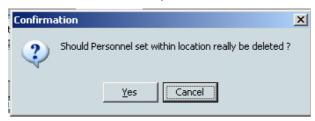
The symbol



on the left side deletes the currently selected data record, e. g. the personnel master

record.

As here only the allocation of the selected action might be removed, and not the complete data record, a corresponding message must be answered. To prevent deleting the complete data record, the default answer is preselected with **Cancel** = do not delete).



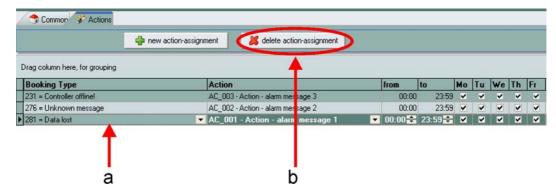


#### Caution!

#### Loss of data possible.

The button **Yes** deletes the complete data record.

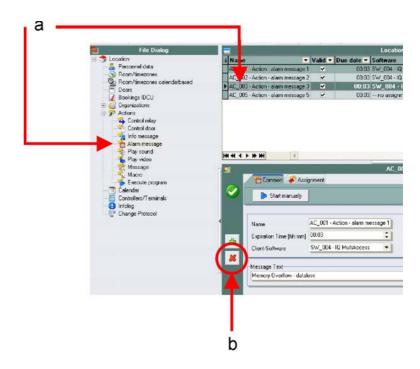
To delete the allocation of an action, select the the action to be removed (a) and click the **Delete Action** button.



In this case, no confirmation is required, as not the action itself but only its allocation will be deleted.

### **Deleting an action**

- a) Select the action to be deleted
- b) **Delete** button.



## 1.1 Alarm message

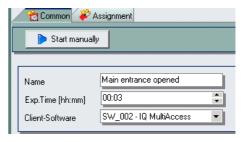
**Example:** 

If the main entrance door is opened without card, a corresponding message is to be output at a certain IQ SystemControl workstation.

1. Actions → Alarm message → 👍

Name:

Enter an unambiguous name.



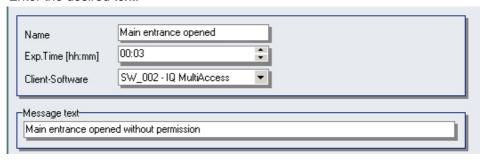
**Expiration time:** 

The actions are not executed by the controllers/terminals, but by the IQ server. For this reason, the IQ server must have been started as service at the time when an action is to be carried out. If this is not the case, IQ Service will check the expiration time and whether the action is still to be carried out after its next start. If the expiration time has not yet elapsed, the action will be started immediately.

If value "0" is entered, the expiration time will not be checked. The action will be executed in any case. The factory setting of the expiration time is 3 minutes.

In field **Client Software**, the program IQ MultiAccess is displayed as often as it is vailable in the various computers within the location. (Here it will show again how useful unambiguous names are also for the software definition, e.g. IQ MA computer Miller). Thus it is possible to define clearly on which computer the alarm message is to be displayed.

Enter the desired text.



Save.



2. Select the door concerned and assign the action according to the figure:



The columns **from** and **to** can be used to define a time period within the action is to be executed. If the trigger event is activated beyond this time period, the action will not be executed. The days **Mo - Su** have the same meaning. The action will only run (within the valid time period of the columns **from** and **to**) on days which are marked as active.

3. If the main entrance door is opened without card, the message is displayed in the **System state window** of the computer whose IQ MultiAccess software has been selected in the **Client Software** field.

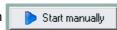
Normally the system status window is not opened but only displayed minimized in the status bar (see chapter 3.1).

Settings of the screen and/or the active window, the Windows task bar and operation see chapter 10.3.

#### **Function test:**

Leave the allocation and change back to the action.

By clicking the button



the action can be started immediately for test purpose.



By the customized size settings of the individual windows and/or by minimizing of the system status window an incoming message might not be visible directly or it might be covered by another window. In that case another action can give an acoustic indication (see chapter 1.3 play sound).

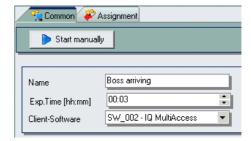
# 1.2 Info message

**Example:** 

If the director, Mr. White, is granted a release at the main entrance door, a corresponding message is to be output at a certain IQ SystemControl workstation.

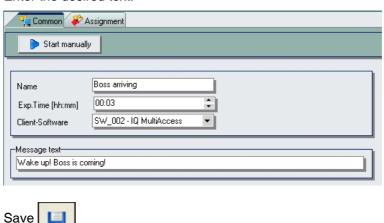
1. Actions → Info message → 👍

Enter an unambiguous name. For expiration time see appendix chapter.



In field **Client Software**, the program IQ MultiAccess is displayed as often as it is available in the various computers within the location. (Here it will show again how useful unambiguous names are also for the software definition, e.g. IQ MA computer Miller). Thus it is possible to define clearly on which computer the info message is to be displayed.

Enter the desired text.



2. Select the person concerned and assign the action according to the figure:



The columns **from** and **to** can be used to define a time period within the action is to be executed. If the trigger event is activated beyond this time period, the action will not be executed. The days **Mo - Su** have the same meaning. The action will only run (within the valid time period of the columns **from** and **to**) on days which are marked as active.

3. If the person in question is granted a release at the main entrance door, the message is displayed in the **System state** window of the computer whose IQ MultiAccess software has been selected in the **Client Software** field.

### **Function test:**

Leave the allocation and change back to the action.

By clicking the button



the action can be started immediately for test purpose.



By the customized size settings of the individual windows and/or by minimizing of the system status window an incoming message might not be visible directly or it might be covered by another window. In that case another action can give an acoustic indication (see chapter 1.3 play sound).

# 1.3 Play sound

#### **Example:**

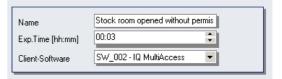
If the stock room door is opened without card, an acoustic signal is to be output at a certain IQ SystemControl workstation. (The computer must comply with the relevant hardware requirements and must have the settings required for playing sound).

1. Actions → Play sound. →



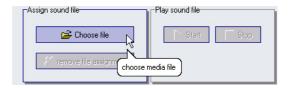
Enter an unambiguous name.

For expiration time see appendix chapter 1.1.

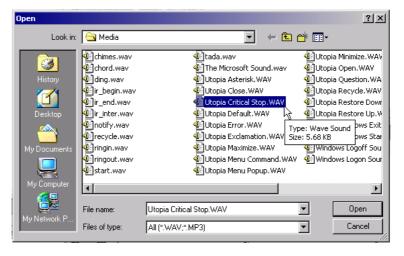


In field **Client Software**, the program IQ MultiAccess is displayed as often as it is available in the various computers within the location. (Here it will show again how useful unambiguous names are also for the software definition, e.g. IQ MA computer Miller). Thus it is possible to define clearly on which computer the alarm message is to be displayed.

Choose the desired sound file.

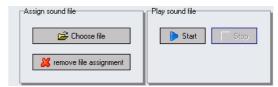


Possible formats: \*.WAV and \*.MP3. It does not matter in which directory the files are located.



Select the desired file and assign it via the **Open** button.

Now the start button is active in field **Play sound file**. The sound selected can be tested by clicking on it.





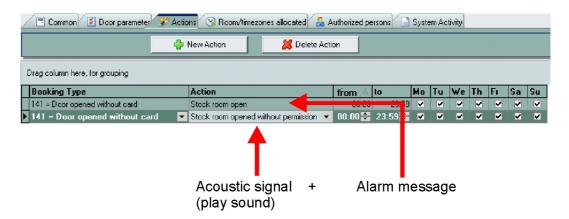
2. Select the door concerned and assign the action according to the figure:



The columns **from** and **to** can be used to define a time period within the action is to be executed. If the trigger event is activated beyond this time period, the action will not be executed. The days **Mo - Su** have the same meaning. The action will only run (within the valid time period of the columns **from** and **to**) on days which are marked as active.



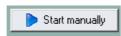
It is generally possible to assign several actions to one event, e.g. an alarm message and an acoustic signal in case of unauthorized opening of a door.



#### **Function test:**

Leave the allocation and change back to the action.

By clicking the button



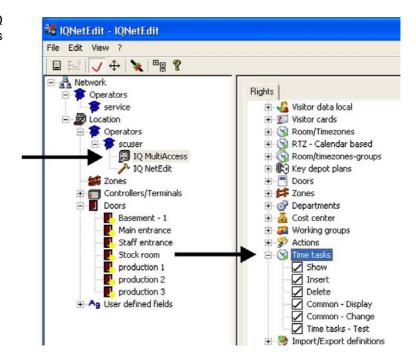
the action can be started immediately for test purpose.

## 2. Scheduler / Time tasks

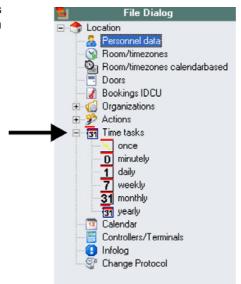
See also chapter 5.3.

### Rights required:

For scheduler/time tasks, the IQ SystemControl user needs all rights (as displayed) in IQ MultiAccess.



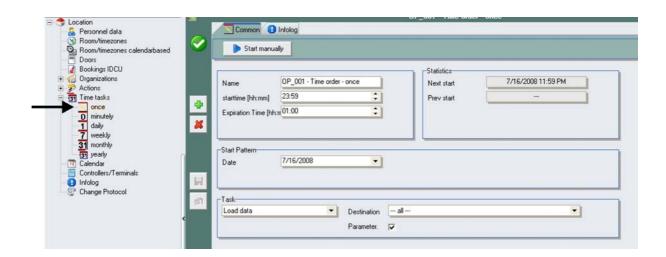
From now on there exists the actions area the user interface (re-login required).



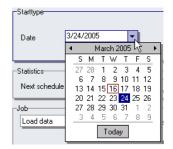
By means of **schedulers/time tasks**, certain functions can be executed once at a defined time and/or recurring functions can be executed automatically at regular intervals. In the factory settings of IQ SystemControl there are no time tasks. However, it is recommended to send the holiday calender to the controllers at least once a year (see chapter 5.3), reorganize the logfile (e. g. monthly) and to run a data backup (daily, weekly, monthly) via time tasks.

### 2.1 Schedulers to be executed once

**Example:** Before commissioning a location, all data created and modified so far are to be transmitted to all controllers/terminals. This process is to take place once at a certain date/time.

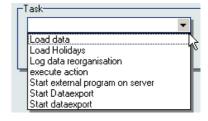


- 1. Schedulers → once →
- 4
- 2. Enter an unambiguous description in the **Name** field.
- 3. **Execution time:** The scheduler will be started at the set time.
- 4. **Expir. time**: Period of time during which the scheduler is still valid and is started after the execution time has been reached. Example:The scheduler is to start at 23:45 h, but the IQ Server is not running at this point of time. If it is started within the expiration time (e.g. 1 hour, i.e. by 0:45 h at the latest), the scheduler will still be executed but not afterwards.
- 5. **Start pattern:** Enter the date when the scheduler is to be executed or select it via the calendar.



6. **Task:** Select a function that is to be executed by the

scheduler.



Depending on the job, further entries are required. For global timer jobs some of the tasks following are missing<sup>10</sup>.

Job	Further entries		
Load data:	Destination:	Select the controllers / terminals to which the data are to be sent.	
	Parametr.	If this check box is activated, the data of the controller/terminal selected are deleted first, a reset to a defined basic condition is made and the complete data structure is sent again to the controller/terminal.	
		This field should always be activated.	
		Data that are created / modified in IQ SystemControl are sent automatically online to the controllers / terminals, therefore the data structure of the controllers /terminals is not changed without parameterization.	
		Example: An ID card that was deleted in IQ SystemControl is still active in the controller / terminal - for whatever reasons. This kind of malfunction is only corrected by parameterization.	
Load holidays	Destination:	Select the controllers / terminals to which the holidays are to be sent.	
Log data reorganisation by quantity	Threshold/ targe	If a certain number of bookings is exceeded in the log file (max. 10 million), this value is reduced to the specified target value. The oldest bookings are deleted in the process. This function guarantees that the log file does not get infinitely inflated. It should be carried out on a regular basis (weekly or monthly).	
	Kind:	Select the logfile to be processed	
Log data reorganisation by days	older than:	Deletes entries older than xx days	
	Kind:	Select the logfile to be processed	
Execute action	Action:	Select the action to be executed. All actions that have been created (see Chapter 10) are available.	
Start external program on server	By means of this job, any program can be started on the server. Via <b>Path</b> and <b>Parameter</b> , the entries required for starting the program are input.		
	Example: Automatic data backup of the database in the background (see also Chapter 11.7 = Data backup as scheduler).		
	Path Parameter	C:\Programs\IQ_MultiWIN\IQ_Database\etc\IQBackup.exe -s	
Start data import	IQ MultiAccess only		
Start data export	IQ MultiAccess	only	



8. In the **Statistics** field, the previous and the next execution scheduled for the time tasks are displayed.

<sup>10</sup> 

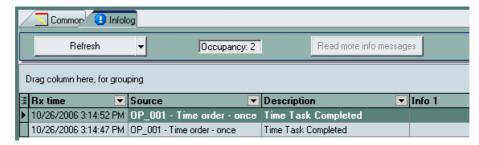
IQ SystemControl does not support all tasks of the time tasks. The full function range can only be used with IQ MultiAccess.

#### **Function test:**

By clicking the button Start manually the action can be started immediately for test purpose.

### Check:

The execution of each timer job is logged in the → **Infolog** tab, regardless if it was started manually or time controlled. The individual evaluation possibilities correspond to chapter 13 = evaluations.



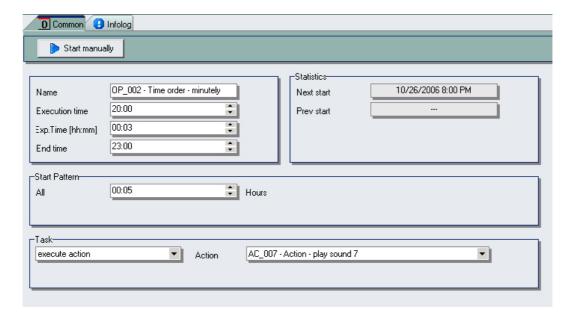
A timer job that is to be executed **once** will automatically be set to **inactive** because from now on the execution juncture is in the past.



after its execution,

# 2.2 Schedulers to be executed minutely

This type of timer jobs are used for task to be run at several times a day. In principle, this function corresponds to Chapter 2.1, with the difference that the desired time interval must be specified as start type. From the moment of its activation onwards, the scheduler (time order) is started at the intervals specified. (In the example every 5 minutes, from 20:00 to 23:00 h).

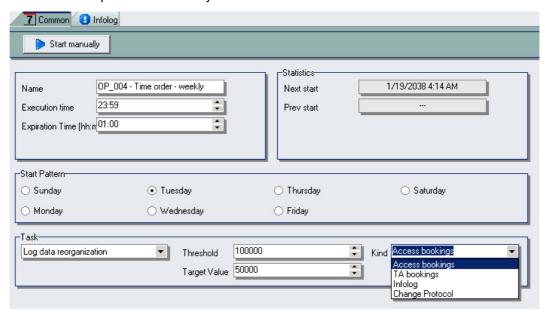


# 2.3 Schedulers to be executed daily

In principle, this function corresponds to Chapter 2.1, with the difference that a start type is not required here. From the moment of its activation onwards, the scheduler is started daily at the execution time specified.

## 2.4 Schedulers to be executed weekly

In principle, this function corresponds to Chapter 2.1, with the difference that the desired day of the week must be specified as start type. From the moment of its activation onwards, the scheduler is started at the execution time specified on the day of the week selected.



The example shows a reorganization of a log file every Tuesday from 23:59 h on. If there are more than 100,000 entries in the log file, the oldest entries will be deleted until there are only 50,000 entries.

In the field **Kind** there can be selected one of the following files:



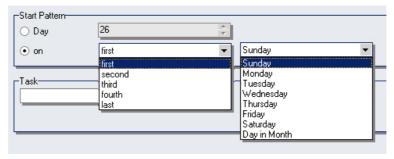
# 2.5 Schedulers to be executed monthly

In principle, this function corresponds to Chapter 2.1, with the difference that a certain day in the month must be selected as start type. From the moment of its activation onwards, the scheduler is started at the execution time specified on the day of the month selected.

Select execution day: - either a certain date (e.g. always the 26st of a month, irrespective of whether this day is a Monday, Tuesday etc.)



- or a certain day of the week (e.g. always the first, third, last Monday, Tuesday etc. or day in the month).



# 2.6 Schedulers to be executed yearly

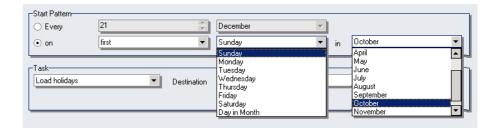
In principle, this function corresponds to Chapter 2.1, with the difference that a certain day in the year must be selected as start type. From the moment of its activation onwards, the scheduler is started once a year at the execution time specified on the day of the week in the month selected.

Selection of the execution day:

- either a certain date (e. g. always the 21<sup>th</sup> December, regardless if this day is a Monday, Thuesday etc.)



- or a certain day of the month (e. g. always the 1<sup>st</sup>, 3, last Monday, Thuesday or day etc. of a month, e. g. in January, in February etc.)





Due to the limited memory capacity of holidays in the controllers/terminals, it is advisable to send the current holiday calendar to the controllers/terminals at least once per year. This can be done via an scheduler to be executed yearly.

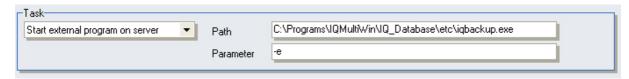
# 2.7 Data backup as scheduler

A typical example for an scheduler recurring at regular intervals is the automatic data backup. Depending on whether the backup is to be executed daily, monthly etc., a corresponding scheduler with the job **start external program** is created.



The drive and the path to be entered are physically located on the server and not on the local computer! For this reason, the data must be entered manually and cannot be defined via a search function.

### Example:



Directory ...\Program Files\IQ MultiWIN\IQ Database\SIC

must be available, it is created automatically during the installation.

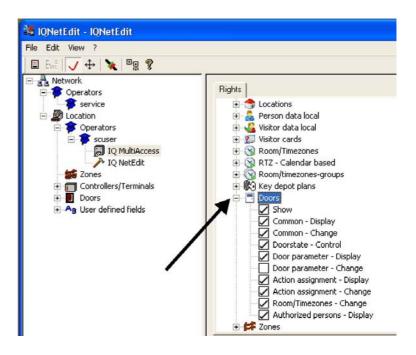
The backup files are called <Date><Time>.FBK

e.g. 191020081835.FBK.

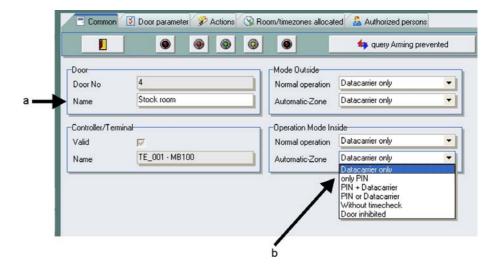
# 3. Change door state

See also chapters 8.1 and 9.4.

The user needs the rights as displayed in order to set/change the door states by him/herself:



From now on the door name (a) and the operation mode (b) per door side can be set for normal and automatic operation.

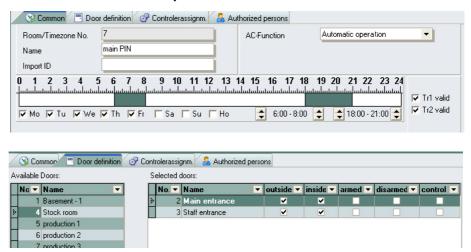


The settings for **normal operation** are immediately valid. In order to use the settings for **automatic operation** a corresponding room/timezone must be created.

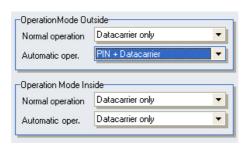
Example:

Before and after the normal office hours access to the main entrance and staff entrance shall only be permitted by **data carrier and PIN**.

**Important:** Select **automatic operation** in the field AC-function.



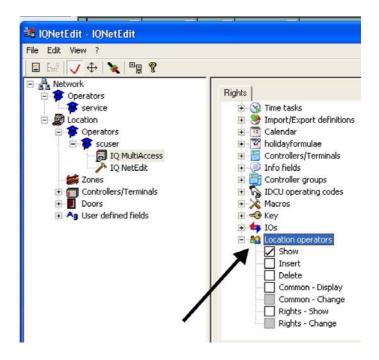
Set the automatic operation of the related door sides to PIN and data carrier.



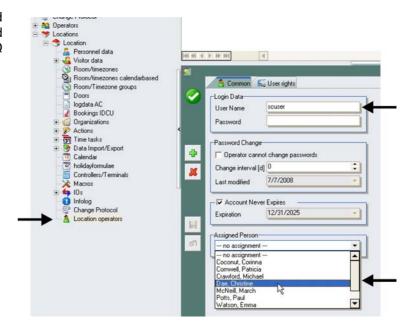
# 4. Display name in change protocol

See also chapter 10.2.3.

The user needs the rights as displayed in order to display the name in the **operator** field:

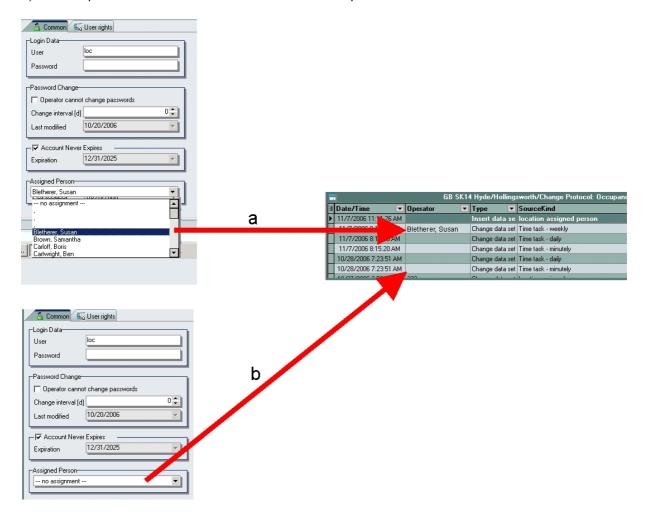


Login with service name and password to IQ SystemControl and allocate names to the IQ SystemControl user(s).



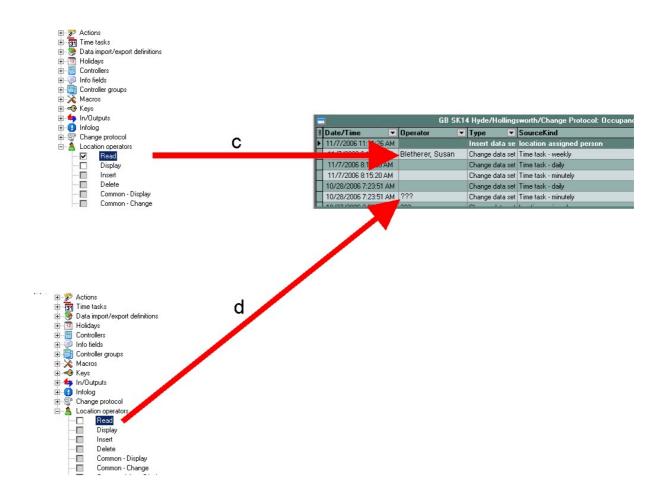
The filling of the field **operator** depends on:

- a) an allocation of a personnel master record to the operator
- b) no personnel master record is allocated to the operator



Precondition: The user evaluating the change protocol

- c) has operator read rights
- d) has no operator read rights (in this case "???" will be displayed).



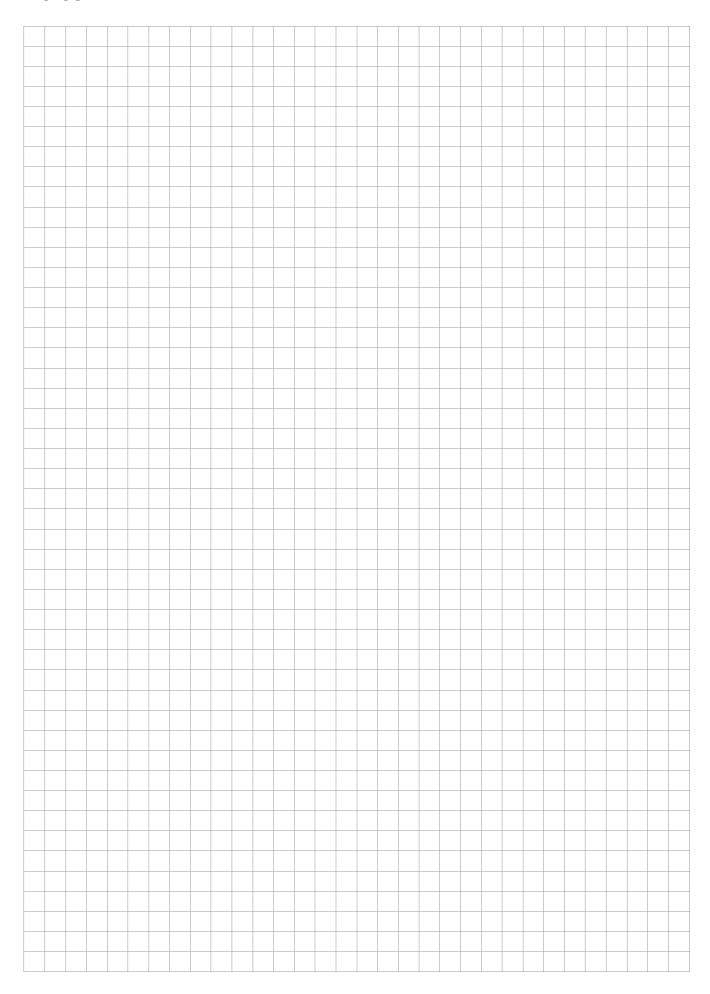
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# **Notes**





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